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ments are of a purely peaceful nature and adhere to the the state of the speed nuclear non-Proliferation Treaty, Russian news agencies reported. all de feed on his the the property of the second of Sink south first the hill

While both Russia and Iran say the \$800 million deal has no military value, the United States and Israel have expressed fear that Iran will use the technology to build nuclear weapons. "The main concern over

Iran growing stronger is its nuclear ability, even if it is only in the civilian sphere." Carried III Mr. Rabin said earlier in the day. "We have information to the they step as that even before the Russia-Fran agreement, Iran aspired to achieve nuclear capability and acquire weapons of mass destruction."

Mr. Kozyrev stood in for President Boris Yeltsin, who is vacationing in the Black Sea resort of Sochi:

Traders take profit as dollar rises

NEW YORK (AFP) - Traders book their profit as the dollar rose in early trading here Friday on the strength of bener than expected industrial production date. The dollar was alsoo buoyed by industrial production date. The dollar was alsoo buoyed by comments made by Treasury Deputy Secretary Larry Summers who said the G7 group of industrialised nations firmly believed the dollar should rise. Gold was up 20 cents at \$386.50 an ounce compared to its Thursday close. Towards 10.25 a.m. (1425 GMT), the dollar was trading at 1.490 German marks, compared to 1.4863 on Thursday and 103.65 yen compared to 102.50. In London midday trading, the dollar was quoted at 1.4895 mark and 103.45 yen. The dollar was also up against the French franc, but slightly down against the Swiss france and the pound sterling. It traded at 5.1322 French francs, compared to 5.1195 nn Thursday, 1,2115 Swiss francs (1.2140) and 0.6455 pound sterling (0.6460). In an Swiss francs (1.2140) and 0.6455 pound sterling (0.6460), In an

interview with CNBC television. Mr. Sommers Friday morning had said efforts to strengthen the dollar represented "an important process," adding: "11 will continue." wanted a stronger dollar.

Number 6021

جوردان تايمز يومية سياسية تصدر بالانجليزية عن المؤسسة الصحفية الاردنية الراي،

An independent Arab political daily published by the Jordan Press Foundation

AMMAN SATURDAY, SEPTEMBER 16, 1995, RABI ALTHANI 21, 1416

ISLAMABAD (AFP) - Takban forces have demanded the

Talibans demand Rabbani resign

resignation of President Burhanuddin Rabbani and have threatened to anack the Afghan capital if he does not step down. the Pakistani daily, the News, reported Friday. Diplomats, members of humanitarian organisations and all foreigners should leave Kabul to avoid being caught in possible fighting, the report quoted a Taliban spokesman as saying. Mohammad Hakim Munib also advised at Kabul residents to leave the city or take shelter in safe locations. The Talibans, a milita of Islamic religious students whose forces are positioned south of Kabul, set no deadline for Rabbani's resignation. The minister of defence said an attack on the capital was "imminent." Only a few embassies, including those of Iran and India, are located in Kabul. In the last few months a number of humanitarian organisations have set up operations in the capital, during the respite from fighong following the victory of presidential forces against the Taliban near Kabul last March. Since then, almost no rockets have been launched against Kabul and the nearest frootline is 35 kilometres to the southwest of the capital, near Maidan Shahr.

Price: Jordan 150 Fils

U.N. halts strikes on Serbs in return for end to siege

Relief flights expected to land in Sarajevo under accord to remove heavy Serb guns U.S.-brokered peace plan makes headway

SARAJEVO (Agencies) — A French plane landed at Sarajevo airport Friday, testing a Serb promise to permit U.N. aid flights for the first time in five months in exchange for a halt in airstrikes.

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The military plane carrying Defence Minister Charles Millon was a dry run for U.N. aid flights to resume later in the day. The U.N. High Commissioner for Refugees (UNHCR) said it was "ready to go very, very quickly." Under an accord reached

Thursday, the Serbs also agreed to pull back heavy guns menacing Sarajevo. It won the rebels a three-day reprieve from North Atlantic Treaty Organisation (NATO) bombing and gave new impetus to a U.N. plan to end 40 months of war.

The skies over Sarajevo were cloudy Friday morning, but NATO planes could be heard overhead. City streets were quiet but full of people, since Serbs have mostly refrained from targeting Sarajevo since the start of the

Rabin says

he received

explanation

of Iran deal

MOSCOW (AP) — Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak

Rabin said be got a fuller explanation from Russia ab-

out its cootroversial deal to

build a nuclear reactor in

Mr. Rabin said there was

no chance Israel could talk

Russia out of the deal, which

is also opposed by the United

States. "It looks like Russia is

committed to the agree-

ment," be said. "If the Un-

ited States and President

Clinton couldn't convince the

Russian government, I don't

Mr. Rabin spoke with re-

porters after a round of meet-

mg with top Russian officials,

including Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev and Prime Minister Viktor Chernomy-

"I got an explanation of

what the issue is and the

framework," Mr. Rabin said

Mr. Chernomyrdin im-

mediately reassured Mr.

Rabin that Russia's deal to

complete construction on a

nuclear reactor at Iran's

Bushehr plant poses no

ter insisted that the agree-

The Russian prime minis-

threat to Israeli security.

before leaving Russia.

Russian

NATO air campaign. The commitment to let planes land in Sarajevo again was made by General Dragomir Milosevic, commander of Bosnian Serb forces around

Gen. Milosevic also agreed to let the United Nations and international organisations use a road leading from the airport through the Serb-held suburb of Ilidza to Kiseljak, a neighbourbood controlled by

Bosnian Croats. The Croats are allied with the Muslim-led Bosnian gov-

The Serb concessions came after more than two weeks of NATO airstrikes and artillery attacks by the U.N. rapid reaction force. The strikes began Aug. 30 after a mortar attack on a Sarajevo market killed 38 people.

Serbs forced the airport to shut in April by making threats and attacking U.N. planes. The Serbs also have not permitted the United Nations regular road access to Sarajevo for months. That bas forced soldiers, diplomats and aid workers to use the treacherous road over Mount Igman at the risk of Serb

The accord was brokered by U.S. Assistant Secretary of State Richard Holbrooke, who met with President Alija Izetbegovic in the western city of Mostar on Friday and then flew to Geneva for meetings with European di-

Mr. Holbrooke said in Geneva that air strikes would resume immediately if Bosnian Serbs fail to comply fully with their withdrawal pledge. He called bis talks in Mostar "useful," but we still have a

long way to go. In Washington, President Bill Clinton offered qualified praise for the Bosnian Serbs' pledge, saying "I think we have a chance" at achieving peace. Mr. Clinton empbasized, however, that "if the Bosnian Serbs do not comply with their commitments, the airstrikes will resume."

Moscow said it hoped the pause in airstrikes would become a "final" halt to the campaign and it opposed the idea of NATO troops replacing U.N. forces to guarantee any peace settlement.

The reaction from Russian Foreign Minister Andrei Kozyrev came as statements from France and Germany expressed cautious hope for the U.S.-brokered accord. U.S. Deputy Secretary of

State Strobe Talbott concluded a 24-hour visit to the Russian capital centred on Bosnia and U.S.-Russian re-

ITAR-TASS news agency quoted him saying as he left that there were "reasons to than we have been for a long time, even though there is still a lot of work to do."

be a little more optimistic

Mr. Kozyrev told a press conference that "the air-strikes are stopped and we hope they will be stopped forever." He made a point of stressing Moscow's opposi-tion to the aistrikes had been well known.`

Mr. Kozyrev said that there were now "three hypotheses" for pursuing the peace process.

"Either we give all responsibility (for guaranteeing an accord) to NATO, or we give to the U.N., or to an international force that depends on neither the U.N. or NATO," he said.

He stressed that the first otion "involving exclusively NATO does not suit me.

Diplomatic sources in Brussels have said the accord raised the possibility of deploying a 50,000-member multinational force under NATO in Bosnia-Herzegovina to gradually re-place the U.N. force there now to guarantee any peace

British Foreign Secretary Malcolm Rifkind, in London,

(Continued on page 7)

King Hussein awarded prestigious Prince of Asturias Concord Prize

By Cathy King Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — His Majesty King Hussein has won the Prince of Asturias Concord Award for his life-long efforts towards peace and humanita-rian rights, Spanish Ambassador to Jordan Juan Manuel

Cabrera said Monday. The Prince of Asturias Foundation awarded the Concord prize to King Hussein on account of the diplomatic role he played after Iraq's invasion of Kuwait in 1990 and his recent decision to grant asylum to General Hussein Kamel, a highranking Iraqi official, and members of Saddam Hussein's family.

The prize has been awarded annually for the past 10 years. King Hussein was awarded the prize this year under a unanimous decision by a 22-man jury from among 31 candidates.

The award is the equivalent of the Nobel Peace Prize in Spanish and Latin American countries, but incorporates humanitarian efforts as well as those made on behalf of peace, Ambassador Cab-

way to peace and harmony

to a person or organisation heir to the Spanish throne. contributing in a significant The prize is normally awarded to Spanish or Latin American citizens, and sometimes to non-governmental organisations, Mr. Cabrera The Prince of Asturias The Concord prize is given foundation is named after the

told the Jordan Times. Among previous winners have been Stephen Hawking in 1989, the American Foundation for AIDS Research in 1992 and Save the

Children last year. Mr. Cabrera said that the jury includes Spaniards, mostly former prime ministers, parliamentarians, professors and intellectuals.

Prince of Asturias is the official title of Spain's Crown Prince and there are many disciplines for which the prize is awarded. The Concord Award recognises personal endeavours for peace and humanitarian rights.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin, who won last year's Prince of Asturias International Cooperation prize, nominated the King for the Concord Award.

The award ceremony will be held in Ovieda, the regional capital of the northern Spanish province of Asturias, at the end of October. The ambassador said Spain hoped that King Hussein would be able to attend the ceremony.

The prize is worth five million pestas (\$40,000) and winners also receive a sculpture by Spanish artist Joan Miro.

Arafat, Peres meet today to work out self-rule deal

GAZA (Agencies) — Pales-tine Liberation Organisation (PLO) Chairman Yasser Arafat said on Friday he would meet Israeli Foreign Minister Shimon Peres in Egypt on Saturday to try to clear obstacles to signing an accord next week on wider Palestinian self-rule.

"I am going to meet Peres either in (the Egyptian Red Sea resort of) Taba or Cairo," Mr. Arafat told re-

Earlier, PLO ebief negotiator Ahmad Qouriea said the talks would be held in the Egyptian capital. But PLO officials told Reuters that Mr. Peres had objected to the Cairo venne and insisted on Taba. No Israeli officials were available for comment.

Mr. Arafat said he would travel to Cairo on Saturday for talks with Egyptian President Hosni Muharak and meet Mr. Peres later in the day after they agreed on a location. 'There are still many stick-

ing points - basic ones like Hebron, detainees and prisoners, territorial issues, the civilian sphere and security,"

Mr. Qouriea told reporters. "If tomorrow's meeting is successful, we can overcome

that there will be a signing on the 21st of this month," Mr. Qouriea said.

Asked by reporters about the date, Mr. Arafat said: "This is what we are looking for, although there is very little time.' Officials on both sides said

on Thursday a signing date for an accord expanding selfrule beyond Gaza and the West Bank enclave of Jerieho had been set for next Thursday at the White House in Washington.

But many target dates have come and gone without an

Clashes in Hebron

In Hebron, Palestinians sbouting "Settlers out" stoned Israeli soldiers in widespread clashes on Friday.
The United States stepped

up pressure on Mr. Arafat to accept a compromise on Hebron that would allow a Sept. 21 White House signing of an overall Israel-PLO accord on Palestioian self-rule in the West Bank, a PLO official

U.S. Consul-General Ed Abbington met wth Mr. Arafat on Thursday evening to

official, speaking on condi-tion of anonymity. U.S. consulate officials confirmed the meeting took place, but refused further comment.

Osama Al Baz, adviser to President Mubarak, also pressed Mr. Arafat to show flexibility, the PLO official

But Mr. Arafat is facing counter pressures from the 120,000 Palestinian resideots of Hebron who demand that all Israeli soldiers leave, said the town's Mustafa Natche.

Referring to daily clashes this week, Mr. Natche said the protesters were sending a message to Mr. Arafat. "The people of the city will not accept a partial solution. They want a full Israeli withdrawal," Mr. Natche said.

Palestinian negotiators insist that the bulk of the soldiers leave, but have said they are willing to let some troops stay behind to guard Hebron's 450 Jewish settlers. Mr. Arafat has also said he

would accept a gradual pulloot, as long as it came with a fixed timetable. Israel bas offered to pull out of several neighbourhoods, but wants to retain

overall control over Hebron.



Hebron during a clash with protesting Palestinians (AFP photo)

Libya said to stop expulsions There was no immediate home countries.

CAIRO (Agencies) - Libyan leader Muammar Qadhafi has reportedly stopped deporting Palestinians whom be had ordered out Sept. I to show his anger over the Israel-Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO)

peace accord. Egyptian Foreign Minister Amr Musa said Friday that Egypt had urged Libya to stop the expulsions, which have left about 100 Palestinians stranded at the Libvan-Egyptian border and others waiting in vain to enter the PLO-run Gaza Strip.

After contacts with President Hosni Mubarak and Arab League officials, Colonel Qadhafi apparently decided to suspend the deporta-tions. Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) said

Four buses carrying Palestinians stopped at Musaid, a Libyan town near the border, after being told by Libyan officials not to cross into Egypt, the news

CAIRO (AP) — Japanese Prime Minister Tomiichi

Murayama met Egyptian

officials Friday as part of a Middle East tour to bols-

ter Japan's political and economic role in the re-

Mr. Murayama arrived

in Cairo Thursday after

spending two days in

Saudi Arabia, where he met King Fahd. He leaves

for Israel on Saturday and

will also visit the Gaza

Strip, Jordan and Syria.

Japan has long had eco-

nomic ties in the region,

particulary since it relies

on Arab countries for

much of its oil, Mr.

Murayama's talks with

Egyptian Foreign Minis-ter Amr Musa on Satur-

day focused on ways in

which Japan could play a

In line with that, Mr.

Murayama has suggested

sending Japanese soldiers

as peacekeepers to the

Egypt has also sought

Japanese funding for a

bridge over the Seuz Can-

al, which links the

Mediterranean and Red

Mr. Murayama due in

Amman on Monday, page

bigger political role.

Golan Heights.

confirmation from Egyptian

Still unresolved is the fate of the Palestinians stranded in a no-man's land between the Libyan-Egyptian border. Egypt has refused to let them enter because they donot have proper papers, and Libya has given no indication tnem return.

The U.N. High Commis-sioner for Refugees (UNHCR) sent two people to the border to inspect the deportees' conditions, but has issued no report.

MENA said only one Palestinian family crossed the border Friday, and they left voluntarily with permission to enter Gaza.

In recent weeks, thousands . of Palestinian, Egyptian and Sudanese workers have been expelled from Libya. More than a million foreigners are believed working in the wealthy country, and the unpre-dictable Qadhafi has frequently used their presence as a way to pressure their

The Egyptians and Sudanese have been de-

ported for lacking proper re-sidence papers. On Sept. 1, Col. Qadhafi said he would also throw out Palestinians to show the failures of the Israel-PLO accord, which makes no provisions for the return of Palestinians made Israel in 1948.

Libya later defended the decision, saying the Palestinians were not thrown out but instead had chosen to try to return to Palestine as a patriotic duty.

An unnamed Libyan official quoted Friday by Libya's news agency said Arab leaders should support the Palestinians' decision to return and allow them free

passage across their territory. However, the decision to expel Palestinians from Libya has largely drawn nothing but criticism in Arab countries. Libya's Arab Unity Minister Jomaa Al Fazani hinted Friday that Tripoli had frozen

its action, saying those who were leaving were doing so of their "own accord."

"Some media have sensationalised the voluntary departure of Palestinians... thinking that by raising a media storm they would pre-vent them returning home." he said.

"It's the decision of the Palestinians to return to Palestine and conforms to their rights," he told JANA.

Meanwhile, Libyan Ambassador to Beirut Ashur Fortas said the expulsions were aimed at "restoring some order to the foreign workforce in a country which is going through an economic

Libya has been under U:N. sanctions since 1992 in connection with the Lockerbie plane bombing four years

"This large foreign workforce represents a burden because they buy statesubsidised products at low

(Continued on page 7)

Beijing conference adopts Murayama holds talks hotly-contested declaration in Cairo

BEIJING (R) — The world women's conference passed a hotly disputed blueprint on Friday charting a path for sexual equality into the 21st century that enshrined women's rights as human rights but avoided commitments to pay for action. The United Nations Fourth

World Women's Conference passed its platform for action and Beijing Declaration after a cliffhanging finale ti.2; saw delegates from 189 nations wrangling over the fine print until dawn on Friday. "We now need a tidal

change,"Norwegian Prime

Minister Gro Harlem

Brundtland told the closing ceremony. "Women will no longer accept the role of second-rate citizens. An overnight compromise enabled proponents and opponents of new sexual rights to claim victory on the documents on the last day of

the world's biggest gathering

of women. "We are determined to promote and protect all human rights of women and girls." the Beijing declaration

The platform allows greater access to contraception and won a ringing endorse-ment from President Alberto Fujmori of Catholic Peru, who issued a broadside against the Vatican for its opposition to his free birthcontrol policies.

"This is not a call to create blocs of nations or states to rise against the Vatican, in this time and age an open debate cannot be interpreted as a declaration of war," he told the closing ceremony.

The platform gives children rights over their sexual

lives, says women should be punished for abortions in countries where it is illegal, offers protection for women against rape and war crimes. calls for a greater role in politics and recognises unpaid labour.

The Vatican responded with a stinging attack on the refusal of developed countries to open their purses to pay for implementation of the platform.

'Surely we must do more for the girl child in poor nations than give lip service to providing access to educa-tion, health and social services while carefully avoiding any concrete commitment of new and additional resourcesto that end," Mary Ann Glendon, first woman leader of a delegation from the Holy See, told the closing plenary

The declaration urges govemments to implement the platform for action but does not bind them to do anything. It calls for empowerment of women, equal rights and the end of all violence against women, but does not say how

this will be achieved.

The nuncio of Pope John Paul II vented fury over ambiguity of the language. warning against wording on sexual rights that could be interpreted to endorse abortion and homosexuality. However, conservatives succeeded in deleting every reference to sex in the dec-

laration, seen as a rallying call to women on sexual equality and rights for a de-A breakthrough on sexual rights was the last in a series of compromises reached in 12

and stiff opposition from the

Holy See and Muslim con-Final compromise on sexual rights was won in the closing bours of the conference when conservative Islamic states had to drop a phrase on cultural differences that opponents said could weaken the universal nature of human rights in the docu-

In return, a European Union bloc gave trp a demand to enshrine sexual freedoms

in the declaration. They managed to retain more explicit language in the main platform that says human rights of women include control on decide matters related to sexuality, words that may open the door to homosexuality and freedom

(Continued on page 7)



CAIRO (Agencies) — Ignoring complaints of sham justice, the government will try 49 Muslim Brotherhood leaders before a military court Saturday in the first such trial in nearly 30 years.

The case represents the government's most decisive step against the Brotherhood. Egypt's largest Islamic Group. The men have been arrested since February in a crackdown on the group. which is officially banned but has been allowed to operate

The Brotherhood has disavowed violence in trying to bring about Islamic rule. But in recent months, the government has detained dozens of its members, accusing them of financing extremists who have carried out attacks since

The trial will begin Saturday at a military base in Haekstep, about 40 kilometres east of Cairo, the men are accused of supporting an illegal organisation and trying to run in an election as a religious party, which is forbidden by Egyp-

The group includes doctors, professors and former government officials, many supposedly Brotherhood leaders. Twenty-six are in detention, and the rest were

recently released. Human rights advocates have said a fair trial for Brotherhood members is impossible before military courts, which do not allow appeals and have typically handed down stiff sentences.

Members of the Brotherhood, which was founded in 1928, last faced trial in Egypt in 1966, when President Gamal Abdul Nasser accused its members of planning a

coup. Three Brotherhood members were sentenced to death and executed, and 200 were imprisoned.

Beginning in the 1970s.

President Anwar Sadat encouraged the group as a counterweight to his leftist opponents. Since then the Brotherhood has gained control of most of Egypt's pro-fessional unions, and its members have been elected to parliament under the banner of other parties.

Brotherhood officials say the crackdown is meant 10 prevent supporters from running in November's parliamentary elections. considered to be a test off support for the President Hosni Mubarak's government.

In the past, only cases of militants were referred to the military courts. Forty-eight had been sentenced to death. But after protests by Western and Egyptian human rights groups, the government again began trying them in civilian courts.

The head of the threejudge tribunal hearing the Brotherhood case, Major General Abdullah, was reportedly targeted last year by militants out to avenge death sentences issued by military courts against their col-

Earlier this year President Hosni Mubarak accused the Brotherhood of providing support for militant armed groups who have been leading a three-year-old cam-paign of violence 10 overthrow his government. He referred to them as "Terror-

The brotherhood denied any link to the more military Al Gamaa Al Islamiyah and said it believed in democracy and pluralism.



EXPELLED: A Palestinian family, expelled from Libya, who got permission from Israel to enter Gaza, begin their journey from Sallonm on the Egyptian horder to the Rafah crossing between Egypt and the Gaza Strip (see page one) (AFP photo)

Greenpeace accuses Beirut of toxic cover-up

SHNANHIR (AFP) — Greenpeace accused the Lebanese authorities on Friday concealing a site polluted with toxic waste by allowing it to be used as a quarry.

The waste, brought into Lebanon in 1987 and 1988 during the civil war, has been buried in the soil, said Fuad Hamdan, a spokesman based in Hamburg, Germany. The quarry is being used

to eradicate the last known proof of this ecological crime." he charged.

Mr. Hamdan told a press conference at the Shnanhir site, 20 kilometres north of Beirut, that the quarry was being used to make cement which would spread the toxic waste and increase the risks of contamination.

Sand and rocks from the quarry area are now being mixed with layers of toxic waste and with ashes from waste that had been burnt." he said.

Results of samples taken by Greenpeace in May and

analysed at Exeter University England showed a cocktail of toxic substances such as heavy metals, he said.

Mr. Hamdan rejected Environment Minister Pierre Pharaon's announcement on Sept. I that the toxic waste file was now closed after a report from the Pasteur Institute in France giving an all-

"The case cannot be closed as long as toxic waste is still contaminating Lebanese soil and threatening ground wa-

The local authorities had directed the institute's study and no samples were taken from areas where toxic waste has been hidden such as Shnanhir, the spokesman

Italy and Lebanon say the 16,000 barrels of Italian industrial waste shipped into the country during the war have been retrieved. But Greenpeace insists that twothirds of it were dumped in Lebanese soil and waters,

NEWS IN BRIEF

Settlements begin testing security system

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM (AP) - Two Jewish settlements are testing an alarm system designed to protect settlers driving in the West Bank after an Israeli troop pullback. Israel Radio said Friday. Settlers will have special alarm buttons in their cars. The buttons, when pushed, alert security headquarters that the driver is in trouble. The car's exact location will then appear on computerised map and a two-way communication channel will be opened with the driver, Israel Radio said. The system has been proposed to improve protection for the West Bank's 140,000 settlers once Israeli soldiers leave Palestinian towns there under an emerging Israel-PLO autonomy accord. The system is being tested by the residents of Maaleh Adumim and Ariel, the two largest West Bank settlements, the radio said.

Five killed in floods in Tunisia

TUNIS (R) — Five people were killed in floods caused by heavy rains in western Tunisia, a Tunisian newspaper reported on Friday. Independent daily Al Sabah said also several houses were damaged on Wednesday near Bou Salem, west of Tunis. Tunisia has suffered drought in recent years, forcing it to import grain and damaging olive

Mandela invites Rabin to S. Africa

TEL AVIV (AFP) - South African Foreign Minister Alfred N20 on Friday delivered an invitation to Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin to visit his country, officials said. Mr. Rabin, whose invitation came from President Nelson Mandela, warned during the meeting of the "risks to the region from the Iranian threat," in reference in growing economic links between Pretoria and Tehran. Mr. Nzo, reaffirming South Africa's commitment to the peace process between Israel and the Palestinians, travelled on to Gaza for talks with Yasser Arafat.

Pakistan president on pilgrimage to Mecca

JEDDAH (AP) — Pakistani President Farooq Leghari arrived Friday for off-season pilgrimage to Islam's holiest city, the official Saudi Press Agency reported. It said Mr. Leghari, who was accompanied by several officials, was received at King Abdul Aziz airport by the adviser to the Saudi court, Ali Ben Hassan Al Shaer. Mr. Leghari and his companions were expected to proceed to Mecca, 60 kilometres east of Jeddah, for Umrah.

Young bride dies on wedding day in Cyprus

NICOSIA (AP) — A young British couple had just exchanged marriage vows Thursday when the bride dropped dead in the lobby of a hotel that was to host their wedding party. The victim, Joanne Cook, 24, appears to have died of cerebral hemorrhage, said a statement by the police in Paphos, a western resort where the couple were police in Paphos, a western resort where the couple were wed. Ms. Cook and her groom. Kieran Laybourn, 26, both from Enfield, Middlesex, came to Cyprus on Sept. 6. Relatives said Ms. Cook had been complaining of headaches, but was apparently too preoccupied with wedding preparations to seek medical advice.

Turkish troops kill 50 rebels, lose 4

DIYARBAKIR (R) - Turkish troops killed some 50 rebel Kurds and lost four of their own soldiers in the southeast in one of the biggest reported clashes in Turkey this year, security officials said on Friday. The fighting, which began early on Thursday, was still going on in the mountainous area between the townships of Sason and Kulp, near the borders of Diyarbakir province, the governor's office said. No further details were immediately available.

Army widow quits leading post in Turkey's left

ANKARA (R) - The widow of an army colonel, picked to join Turkey's Social-Democrat Party executive for her criticism of Ankara's policy on a Kurdish rebellion. resigned on Friday after less than a week, Anatolian news agency said. The election of Tomris Ozden with the most votes at last weekend's congress of the Republican People's Party (CHP) junior coalition partner had been seen as a sign the party wanted to challenge the military-only approach to the 11-year separatist war with the Kurdish Labour Party (PKK). "I am very upset. Damn it all," CHP executive member Mehmet Sevingen told Anatolian. People in Turkey are wasted quickly. She was the wife of a martyr, after all."

Baghdad has 2,000 street children — UNICEF

GENEVA (AFP) — Some 2,000 Iraqi boys and girls are begging in the streets, the U.N. Children's Fund (UNICEF) has said. "The next stage is delinquency," UNICEF delegate Das-Gupta Subhash warned at a press conference. At least "nobody is sleeping on the pavement - yet," he added. The mortality rate for children under age five has been growing since the economic embargo was imposed on Iraq after its invasion of Kuwait five yers ago, Subbash noted. Even though food and medicine are exempt from the embargo, Iraq has been little be able to afford imports since it has been prevented from exporting its oil.

Perry backs U.S. role on Golan

WASHINGTON (R) - The Uoited States should be willing to contribute troops to a peacekeeping force on the Golan Heights if needed for an Israeli-Syriao peace agreement, Defence Secretary William Perry said on Thursday. "I believe that if Israel and Syria were to reach a peace agreement and if that peace agreement were to call for a peacekeeping force on the Golan Heights, the United States should be willing to contribute some of those peacekeeping forces," he told reporters at a lunch sponsored by the Overseas Writers Association.

PLO official meets U.S. Senate leader

WASHINGTON (AFP) — A key Palestinian official has met Senate leader Bob dole for the first time amid Palestinian concerns over congressional moves to transfer the

U.S. embassy to Jerusalem. Mr. Dole met Tuesday with Salim Zanoun, chairman of the Palestinian National Council (PNC) or parliament-in-exile, said Hassan Abdul Rahman, the Palestine Liberation Orga-LOI representa-

tive in Washington. Mr. Abdul Rahman gave

few details of the meeting, the first face-to-face encounter between Mr. Zanoun and the Republican presidential

But he said they discussed "issues of great importance that are determined within the Congress of the United

He told the AFP this included economic aid to the Palestinians and other issues affecting Middle East peace. Mr. Dole's office confirmed the meeting occurred, but would not discuss the substance of the talks.
Mr. Dole introduced con-

troversial legislation in May mandating a transfer of the U.S. embassy to Jerusalem from Tel Aviv by 1999. Such move which would make the United States the first major country to recognise Jerusalem as Israel's capital.

Mr. Abdul Rahman reiterated the PLO's long-standing opposition to this, saying any move by the United States to move its embassy to Jerusalem was "a violation of Palestinians and Israel, he long-beld U.S. policy... it added.

does not serve the peace pro-

Mr. Abdul Rahman said support for the embassy move came from "right-wing Jews living in this country who are trying to undermine the peace process... through

legislation in Congress."
Draft U.S. legislation on the Middle East peace contains "very serious pitfalls" because it involves Washington in issues that are exclusively between the

Bonn says it had no option but to deport 7 Sudanese allegations that German au-

BONN (R) - Germany said on Friday it had no choice but to expel seven Sudanese asylum seekers to their homeland and dismissed suggestions that a third country had offered to receive them.

"At that point in time on Wednesday when the seven Sudanese were sent back there was no pledge on the part of any state to take them in, neither written nor spokesman told reporters.

thorities had turned down an offer from an unnamed country, to take the Sudanese in. preferring to send them back to Sudan, where he said the seven students were likely to face persecution. Peter Steinacker, president

of the Evangelical Church in Hessen-Nassau District, told German ZDF television he regretted that the German government had the chance to find a humanitarian solu-A church leader renewed tion but did not take it.

Egypt, Sudan calm about Libya expelling workers

CAIRO (R) — Libya's mass expulsion of foreign workers has drawn a lowkey public response from neighbours Egypt and Sudan, which have too much at stake in Libya to make a fuss, diplomats and analysts said.

Only Palestinian leaders. many of whose followers in Libya have nowhere else to go, have reacted vigorously to Libya's latest campaign to cut down its immigrant

workforce. Some 7,000 Egyptian workers have straggled home across the border so far this month and the Sudanese government is preparing to receive thousands of its own citizens.

Diplomats in Tripoli told Reuters the campaign appeared to be the direct result of a speech by Libyan lcader Muammar Qadhafi

JORDAN TELEVISION

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on Sept. 2 in which he reaffirmed his long-term commitment to Libyanising

diplomats said. It's been going on a long time but now it has become much more serious. The usual pattern is that Qadha-

the economy.
But the 30,000 Palestinians in Libya were a special case. Colonel Qadhafi singled them out as a political weapon to show the world that the self-rule agreements between Israel and the Palestine Liberation Organisation (PLO) failed to meet Palestinian

aspirations. Since the speech the Libyan authorities have increased the number of police checkpoints in the Tripoli area and have rounded up foreigners caught without papers in assembly camps ready for summary deportation, the

fi says something and some group adopts it, whether Qadhafi really meant it or not," one diplomat said.

The Egyptian media, usually quick to jump on any affront to national pride, have paid the deportations little attention. The head of Egypt's di-

plomatic mission in Tripoli was quoted in government papers on Monday as saying relations were the best possible. He said Col. Qadhafi took good care of the Egyptian workforce and Egyptians worked there in comfort and security.

The Egyptian government has to think of hundreds of thousands of Egyptians who remain in Libya, sending bome foreign currency and easing the competition for jobs at home. Egypt and Libya also

share an interest in fighting

Islamic militancy, that main

opposition in both countries, and Egypt enjoys its role as an important channel for contacts between isolated Libya and the rest of the world, the diplomats

One senior policeman on the Egyptian side of the Libvan border showed little sympathy for the returning Egyptians. He said they were unskilled workers who went to Libya illegally to make a fast buck but ended up sleeping in the streets. Critics of the Libyan and

Egyptian rulers say prominent Egyptians have prospered through their Libyan connections. The pretender to the Libyan throne said this month

Libva had paid millions of dollars to Egyptian officials in a failed attempt to improve relations with the West. Egypt denies it. Egyptians returning from

Libya bave said the Libyans suspected that Egyptian fundamentalists had played a role in recent unrest by militants in the eastern city of Benghazi. But the diplomats in Tri-

poli said they had no evi-dence for this. "Most of us think the unrest is internal, though it is of a fairly serious nature," said one. The Sudanese govern-

ment has even more reason to take the deportations lying down.
Alone of Sudan's impor-

tant neighbours, Libya still counts as a friend, despite the ideological gap between the Islamism in Khartoum and Col. Qahdafi's pan-Arab socialism.

"Sudan needs oil, Sudan oeeds money, Sudan needs friends. Sudan's the beggar in this relationship," diplomat said.

Sudanese President Omar Hassan Al Bashir was the only foreign head of state at celebrations of the 26th anniversary of Col. Qadhafi's military coup this month and the Libyans paid bim the rare honour of asking him to speak on the occasion.

Far from protesting at the expulsions, Sudan is sending a high-level delegation to arrange for an orderly repatriation of those Sudanese whom Libya no longer wants.

By being so valuable to both its more popolous neighbours, Libya bas managed to avoid making a choice between them.

Relations between Cairo and Khartoum bave been bad for years, especially accused Sudan of helping in an attempts to kill Egyptian President Hosni Mubarak in June.

JORDAN TIMES DAILY GUIDE AND CALENDAR

Tel. 773111-19 PROGRAMME TWO 14:00 Back in the Future 14:30 ... Harry and the Hendersons 15:00 Only in Hellywood Froiball match (UEFA Champions League [995/1996]

17:80
Children's programme — Les
Mundes Englous Doc. — Le aicentennire du 18:00 Drama — Operation Open 19:36 New Headlines 19:35 Doc. The Ozone Alarm 19:35 .. 20:30 The Bold and the Beautilu 21:10 Dr. Quinn Medicine Woman

PRAYER TIMES

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CHURCHES

St. Mary of Nazareth Church Sweifieh, Tel 810740

Assemblies of God Church, Tel. St. Joseph Church Tel. 62459tt Church of the Annunciation Tel. 6374481. De la Salle Church Tel. 661757 Terrasancia Church Tel: 027366 Church of the Annunciation Tel. 623541. Anglican Church Tel. 636851. Tel. 628543. Armenian Catholic Church Tel. 771331. ian Orthodox Charch Tel. St. Ephraim Church Tel. 771751. Amman International Church Tel. 652526. Evangelical Lutherau Church Tel. 824328. German-speaking Evangelical Con-gregation Tel. 684195 The Latter-Day Saints Tel. 654932 Church of Nazarene Tel.675691. The Evangelical Local Church in

Tel X11705 WEATHER

Bulletin supplied by the Depart-ment of Meteorology.

Temperatures are expected to drop gradually within the next two days with weather conditions becoming moderate in fine and wind-northwesterly moderate to active. In Aqaba, winds will be northerly muderate and seas calm. Min./Max. 1emp.

Amman 18 / 30

Yesterday's high temperatures: Amman 33, Aqaha 37 Humidity readings: Amman 20 per cent, Anaha 38 per cent. Aqaba 38 per cent. USEFUL

TELEPHONE

NUMBERS

NIGHT DUTY AMMAN: Dr. Bassam Karadsheh 759200 Firas pharmacs 661913 Ferdows pharm Nairoukh pharmacy

Yacuth pharmacy 644945 ni pharmacy 63766 Najih pharmacy 847632 IRRID: Dr. Ali Al Omari 272(32 Alques pharmacy (---) Dr. Walid Italaseh 982799 Khalifeh pharmacy 985417

EMERGENCIES Food Control Centre 637111

Civil Delence Department Civil Defence Immediate Highway Police 843402 Traffic Police 896,391 Water and Sewerage 787111 Idirectory assistance | 121

Electric Power Oneen Alia Intl. Airport 188-532(x)

HOSPITALS AMMAN: Hussein Medical Centre 813813/32 Khalidi Maternity, J. Amn 644281/6

64428176 Akileh Maternity, J. Amn. Jabal Amman Maternity 632362 Jabai Amman Maicraily 632362 Mulhas J. Amman 636141 Palestine, Shmeisuni 664171/4 Shmeisuni Hospital 664171/4 Shmeisuni Hospital 845845 Al-Musher Hospital 6672279 The Islamic, Abdali 666127/37 Al-Ahli, Abdali 6641646 Al-Bashir, J. Ashrafich 775111/26 Amal Hospital

ZARQA: Zarga Govi, Hospital (199)983323 Zarga National Hospital)19)900561 Ihn Sinu Dospital (19)986732 Al Hikma Modem Hospital (10)99090 TRRID:

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FOR THE TRAVELLER **QUEEN ALIA** INTERNATIONAL

AIRPORT

This information is supplied by Royal Jurdanian (RJ) information department at the Queen Alia In-ternational Airport Tel. (IRI)532IRI-5. where it should always be veri-

APRIVALS Royal Jordanian (RJ) (Terminal 1) 05:45 Jakana. Singapore)RJ) 08:00 Damiscus (RJI 09:45 New Delhi (RI) 10:30 Beiran [RJ] 11:90 Ahu Dhabi. Doha (RJ) t1:80 Colombo (RJ) 15:40 Riyadh [add] (RJ) 15:45 New York, Amsterdam (RJ) 18:15 Istanhul (RJ) 19:15 London, Berlin [RI]

.... Madrid (RJ)

Other Flights (Terminal 2)

11:12 Dumascus (AZ|
11:36 Riyadh (add))SV|
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15:10 Rome (AZ)
20:35 Cairo |MS|
21:10 Beirui (ME) DEPARTURES Royal Jordanian (RJ) Flights

(Terminal 1) 08:80 Aqaha (RI) 12:00 Vienna (RI) 12:40 Amslerdahr, New York (RI) Geneva. Madrid | RJ | 13:00 ... Amsterdam, Brussels (RI) 13:10 Paris |RJ) 13:10 Cairo. Alexandria |RJ) 22:20 Ahu Dhahi, Duhai [RJ]

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MARKET PRICES

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dents in the South Gallery. Photography of Jordan, Elements in Harmony by Hala Hilmi Hodeib at the Blue

Painted stone and steel, 'Embargo Art' by Iraqi artist Nuha Al Radi at the Garden of the Blue House.

Early Morning Scribbles' by Lebanese artist Amin Al Bacha and Jordanian artist Rajwa Bint Ali and 'Late Night Scribhles' Dy Amin Al Bacha and Joranian artist Ali

'Equity swap most feasible solution to Jordan's British debt burden'

British parliamentarians head home with message on Jordan's 'pivotal' peace process role

By Cathy King Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — British parliamentarians, who ended a five-day visit to the Kingdom Friday, said they would return home bearing a message pertaining to Jordan's "pivotal" role in the peace process.

The eight-man delegation. that included members of Conservative, Labour and Liberai Democrat parties and one member of the House of Lords. emphasised the importance of making themselves more familiar with the complex questions related to the peace process.

"It is only by talking to people representing a range of opinion that we can begin to understand, and it is about time that (British) parliamentarians took the time to nnderstand," said Conservarive Party member the Rt. Honourable Sir Peter Lloyd.

"In a society of educated people there will be various levels of expectations," Sir Peter said, adding that the group had encountered few in Jordan who thought the "road" would be a quick and easy one.

The group, which was hosted by the London-based, Council for the Advancement of Arab-British Understanding CAABU, an academic institution, came specifically to enhance bilateral relations and not because of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) economic summit to be convened here Sir Peter next month,

emphasised. But he added that the visit's timing was "appropriare" and that the group, would also take back messages pointing to the sum-

NEWS IN

BRIEF

Youth march for

AMMAN (Petra) - Min-

istry of Education Secre-

tary General Izzat Jaradat

Friday participated with

hundreds of youth in the

"Sports for All" march

which he kicked off from

the main Gate of Hussein

At the end of the march,

organised by the Sports

For All Federation (SFAF),

Dr. Jaradat delivered tro-

phies to the institutions

participating in the march,

and distributed medals to

the individuals who took

The SFAF, which is an

affiliate of the Cairo-hased

Arab Federation for Sports

for All, aims to encourage

sports and promote aware-

ness about its importance.

Dr. Jaradat was deputis-

ing for Youth Minister

LECTURE

"The Eart. Is it in environmental danger,"

(in Arabic) by Dr. Saif Tel at Abdul Harneed

Shoman Foundation, Jahal Amman, at 6:30

DARAT AL FUNUN

SUMMER '95 ACTIVITIES

EXHIBITIONS

Graphic work by several artists and stu-

part in the march.

Awad Kbleifat.

Youth City.

'Sports for All'

mit's significance, in addition to the hopes that Jordanians have ninned on it.

Sir Peter said that with the peace process there would increased trade and investment opportunities in which Britain should par-

On the economic front, he said Jordan's debt to England would be a priority subject to be discussed in Lon-

Jordan's debt to the United

Kingdom currently stands at JD 369 million in the form of export credit guarantees. Neil Gerrard of the Labour Party said the likelihood of debt write-off was slim, since Britain already wroteoff about JD 50 million following the signing of the Washington Declaration in July 1994.

Mr. Gerrard speculated that an equity swap was most feasible Britain's

The delegation said it hoped the British government would decide on a course of action before the MENA summit.

According to Sir Peter, the group learned from Central Bank of Jordan Governor Mohammad Nabulsi of the "huge increase in internal investment" during the last couple of years, which the bank chief said was not solely attributable to savings brought home by returnees from the Gulf region.

The 1990-91 Gulf crisis prompted the return of about 300,000 Jordanian citizens who were compelled to leave Arab Gulf states.

"There has not been internally generated investment of that level before," stated Sir Peter, who ascribed it to the emergence of privately owned businesses and the

stability of the dinar. In relation to the development of tourism and its economic benefits, Sir Peter underlined the need for balanced growth and said it would be a "pity if tourism is the first of major indus-

With regard to sanctions imposed on Iraq, Sir Peter said he did not expect across-the-board consensus in Jordan on the need to lift sanctions still imposed on

"I was not surprised about people's attitude over the sanctions, but I was surprised about the unanimity," said Mr. Gerrard, who asserted: "Not all of us think that sanctions should remain in place."

Given that press freedom is often used as a measure of democracy, Lord Redesdale of Britain's upper house, the House of Lords, was encouraged by what he saw as a widening of the boundaries of press freedoms in Jordan compared to other countries in the region.

Lord Redesdale has participated in official visits to Syria, Lebanon and Israel.

During the visit the delegation met Islamist parliamentarians, representatives of the far left, Senate Speaker Ahmad Lawzi and other senators, Speaker of the Lower House Sa'ad Hayel Srour and other deputies, Minister of Finance Basel Jardaneh, President of University of Jordan Fawzi Gharaibeh, and Director of the Centre for Strategic

Studies Mustafa Hamarneh. The delegation also visited Baqa'a refugee camp and took time off to see Terash'

and the Amman Citadel. Land transport firm earns

AMMAN (Petra) — The Jordan-Syria Land Transport Company (JSLTC) Friday said it earned a net profit of JD 2 million in 1994 and has accordingly decided to allocate ID I million to modernise its fleet of trucks to meet the company's expanding needs.

JD 2m net profit in '94

Company General Manager Hamdi Habashneh was quoted in a statement released Friday as saying that the company, set up in 1975, last year earned JD 10

million in gross revenues. The company enjoyed 10 vears of exemptions from taxation when it was first established. Mr. Habashneh

said. In 1986, however, the company started paying all required customs duty and income tax, he added.

The JSLTC, which has Damascus, offices in Amman and Aqaba, transports mainly phosphate, potash and cement to the

WHAT'S GOING ON

Bermamet.

Central Gallery.

Khalidi at Library.

for Culture and Art.

tion, Jahal Amman.

French Cultural Centre.

Open Air Sculpture workshop.

* Ceramic shop at the Lower Garden.

Works by contemporary Arab artists at the

* 3-D experiments in calligraphy by Usama

EXHIBITIONS

* Arabic calligraphy at the Phoenix Gallery

Badran at Abdul Hameed Shoman Founda-

ment of cinema over the past century at the

* Paintings by Palestinian artist Samira

* Exhibition demonstrating the develop-

port of Aqaba.

The statement said the ministers of transport in the two countries have now endorsed the resolutions of the company's general assembly which reviewed the company's activities in 1994 and approved plans for 1995.

They also approved the distribution of profits to the Jordanian and Syrian government, the joint owners of the company.

The statement said the company's general assembly has decided to increase the company's assets by purchasing 50 new trucks to expand its 362-truck fleet.

The statement quoted Minister of Transport Samir Kawar as saying that the JSLTC is one of the most successful Jordanian-Syrian

The JSLTC employs 737 Jordanian and Syrian work-

Stage set for enactment of 3 major laws

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — With the endorsement by the Upper House of Parliament (Senate) of draft amendments to three key economic laws on income tax, sales tax and telecommunications — with minor changes, the stage is now set for the enactment of the legislation.

The draft legislation and amendments now go before His Maiesty King Hussein for his approval in the form of Royal Decrees. The laws - with the

amendments — take effect as soon as they are published in the official gazette. Meeting on Thursday, the Senate approved the draft amendments with minor changes that are not likely to be challenged by the Lower House, according observers

If the Lower House, which approved the drafts early last week with its own amendments, rejects any of Senate-introduced changes, then the issue would be prolonged, "but the amendments are not of any major significance,"

said an observer. The change introduced by the Senate was in an article in the law on income tax which had empowered the Council of Ministers to tax profits deriving from any investment activity by any organisation notwithstand-

ing the provisions of the law. The amended version now "Notwithstanding the pro-

visions of the law, the Council of Ministers can, upon a recommendation by the finance minister, subject the profits deriving from any investment activity by any organisation to the income tax law." The Senate approved with-

ont any change an amendment to the General Sales Tax Law introduced by the Lower House upon the government's request.

Under the amendment, the sales tax was raised from seven per cent to 10 per cent.

The Lower House's approval of the increase in sales tax was part of a deal under which the government reduced income tax and promised to consider an încrease in civil service salaries starting fiscal 1996.

The reductions in income tax will benefit individuals with low income as well as businesses, with a view to attracting capital into investments in Jordan.

According to the finance minister, the reductions in income tax and the increase in sales tax mean roughly the same amount, about JD 30 million.

The draft amendments to the law on telecommunications effectively open the door for the state-owned Telecommunications Corporation to commercialise its activities under the Companies Law and then eventually privatise itself after one or two years of continued government ownership.

It also clears the way for competition in telecommunications in the country since the private sector will be given concessions by the government.

The Senate approval of the three draft laws came in a session attended by Deputy Prime Minister and Minister of Education Abdul Raouf Rawabdeh and members of the Council of Ministers. Also on Thursday, the

Senate referred to its Finance Committee draft amendments to the law on encouragement of invest-

The panel will study the legislation and present its recommendations to the full Senate next week.

The amendments were approved by the Lower House of Parliament in a late night session on Wednesday.

The three draft laws endorsed on Thursday and the legislation on encouragement of investments are all part of key measures that the government has undertaken ahead of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) economic summit to be held in Amman in October.

Local reports said the King is expected to issue a Royal Decree calling the current extraordinary session of Parliament to recess next week since the legislature, which began the session in June, has completed the work assigned to it in the Royal Decree that con-

The current extraordinary session is the longest in Jordan's parliamentary history. the reports said.

'Heatwave to ease off, but more could come'

AMMAN (I.T.) - The heatwave, with temperatures soaring 10 37°C degrees in Amman over the past few days, will gradually decline to 28°C Monday, according to the Department of Meteorology

A department spokesman said that temperatures during the day were expected to reach 33°C Friday dropping to 31°C degrees Saturday, 29°C on Sunday and 28°C on Monday and

falling to 19°C in the evenings. The spokesman said that the heatwave, nriginating in the Arabian Peninsula due to a low air pressure system, will gradnally phase nut to be replaced hy

humid north westerly winds causing mild summer weather. Local press reported that citizens in Amman resorted to sleeping on the roofs of their homes at night to escape the heat.

There were no power failures as a result of heavy utilisation of air conditioners and refrigerators, reports also said.

According to Mohammad Batayneh of the Department of Meteorology, temperatures in the desert area of Rweished reached 42°C and 40°C in Agaba.

Mr. Batayneh warned that less intense hearwaves could yer affect the Kingdom.

IAF seeks higher council ruling on vote of confidence demand

AMMAN (J.T.) — During Thursday's session of Parliament, the 16-member Islamic Action Front (IAF) bloc , which had last week called for a vote of confidence on Justice Minister Hisham Tel over the recent crisis triggered by the mass resignation of 23 senior judges in the country, demanded that the issue be settled through the Higher Council for the Interpretation of the Constitution.

In their original memorandum submitted to the House, the IAF deputies hiamed Mr. Tel for the judges' decision to resign and accused him of offending the judiciary by suggesting that the resignations came as a result of instigation

hy pulitical parties. The judges in question revoked their intention to resign after Prime Minister Zeid Ben Shaker promised last week that the government would respond favourably to their demands for better working conditions and health insurance schemes for them and their families.

During Thursday's session also, the House approved a proposal by deputy Mohammad Toweib to issue an urgent appeal to the parliaments and governments of Syria, Egypt and Lehanon to rescind their decision banning entry into their territory by Palestinians expelled from Libya. In addition, the House

endorsed the draft law on investments as referred to it by the government, after introducing minor amendments. One such amendment allows non-Jordanians to withdraw their capital plus all profits earned on that capital upon liquidation. full or partial sale of their husiness in the Kingdom.

with executive panel, refugees

Agency workers plan strike in 5 operation areas

UNRWA chief refuses to meet

By Ghalia Alul Special to the Jordan Times

AMMAN- United Nations Relief and Works Agency (UNRWA) Commissioner General Ilter Türkmen has refused to meet with the agency's executive committee representatives and Palestinian refugees to disreduction

cuss the agency's planned of services, prompting UNRWA workers to stage a strike in UNRWA's five areas of operation Monday, a labour committee source said. The strike, which was originally planned for Sept.

4 had been postponed pending the outcome of talks executive committee representatives planned to hold with Mr. Türkmen. The commission is expected to arrive in Amman on Sept. 19 to meet with Jordanian officials over UNRWA's operations and to inangurate a new school in Baqa'a camp financed by Japan.

"This is the first time Mr. Türkmen declines to meet with us,... because he does not have answers to our demands," one labour committee source said.

The three-bour strike, which will be staged in front of UNRWA headquarters, will be part of a stepped-up campaign against the agency's failure to respond UNRWA workers' demands concerning the provision of better health,

It will also demand salary increases to cope with the rising cost of living and end of service compensations compatible with those offered by the Jordanian

education and social ser-

Employee sources had told

the Jordan Times that they are entitled to retirement compensation only after 30 years of service. They said they demanded that UNRWA workers be eligible for this benefit after 25 years of service.

"But the agency brushed aside all our demands," one source said.

Sources had argued that UNRWA should not reduce its services before the refugee problem is resolved.

"UNRWA's establishment

was

based on international decision to serve Palestinian refugees whose problem is not yet resolved," said the sources. Although sources said that UNRWA's ability to meet those demands will depend on the availability of new funds provided by the donor countries, one source argued that UNRWA is not affected hy budget constraints

because the agency has received "huge" donations" from those countries this year and throughout the past "Türkmen had promised to grant employees salary hikes in light of the donor countries' conference which

was held in Amman, but nothing happened so far," the source added. Amidst the escalated tension between UNRWA and its employees, sources said that the workers plan to take "harsher measures" against

their demands. "We plan to stage an open strike in UNRWA's five areas of operation and close all the organisations if Mr. Türkmen does not respond to our demands," one source

the agency if refuses to meet

He added that committee representatives

IINRWA workers against renewing Türkmen's mandate which expires at the end of the year.

The strike Monday will also protest against what sources called "UNRWA's oppressive managerial policies." which, they said, became apparent when the agency dismissed the dean of the Educational Sciences Faculty, Izzeddin Manasrah.

Dr. Manasrah was dismissed for publicly criticising the agency for its decision to close down the college. The decision was reversed for one year after consultations with the government and the Palestine National Authority.

UNRWA executive comrepresentatives mittee staged a one-hour sit-in last Tuesday protesting Dr. Manasrah's dismissal

The student council at the faculty, refugee camp representatives and other supporters who participated in the sit-in said that the decision to terminate the dean's services was "repressive.'

The dean's dismissal was also condemned by the Jordanian opposition parties, the Arab Association for Comparative Literature in Algiers and many others who described the measure as "unfair."

UNRWA employs 20,000 people of whom the majority are Palestinian refugees who benefit from the agency's health, education and social services. The agency's services to refugees have been reduced over the past years.

Among the agency's operations in Syria, Lebanon, Gaza and the West Bank, its operations in Jordan are the largest as it-hosts the largest number of refugees.

Murayama visit seen as major turning point in Jordan-Japan ties, says ambassador

By P.V. Vivekanand Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Japanese Prime Minister Tomichii Murayama's visit to Jordan this week will be a major turning point in Jordanian-Japanese relations as well as Tokyo's role in the Middle East process, says the Japanese ambassador to Jordan, Takayuki Kimura.

Mr. Murayama, who began a Middle East visit in Saudi Arabia on Sept. 12, is due here on Monday afternoon from Israel and the Gaza Strip after also visit-

ing Egypt. Japan is an active partner in support of the Middle East peace process," said Mr. Kimura, noting that his country chairs the multilateral working group on the environment and also plays an active role in the other groups working on regional

cooperation. The ambassador said Tokyo's recent decision to deploy a 50-strong noncombat unit from Japan's Self-Defence Forces with the U.N. Observer Force on the Golan Heights was another sign of his country's interest in assuming a stronger role in the Middle

East. "We believe that it is very important to have the prime minister come here and provide his personal support for the peace process" in meetings with the region's leaders, said the ambassador, who assumed office last month.

"The prime minister will also extend his full support for the multilateral phase of the peace process and the Amman summit" on economic development of the Middle East and North Africa (MENA) scheduled to be held Oct. 29-31 and "other activites related to the peace process," Mr. Kimura told the Jordan Times.

In the same political context, the amhassador added. Japan considers Jordan as one of the key players in the region and gives high value for Jordan's opinions and



Takayuki Kimura

"Jordan is key to the relations of the region with the international community, including Japan, which considers the Kingdom as the gateway to the Middle East," added Mr. Kimura, whose last diplomatic posting was as deputy chief of mission at the Japanese embassy in Washington.

His Majesty King Hussein "is central to peace in the Middle East as well as development of the region," Mr. Kimura said. "We are highly appreciative of the hold steps the King has taken to make peace a reality in the region."

Another topic for Mr. Murayma's talks with King Hussein will be the "recent developments in Iraq," and "the prime minister will seek the King's views on

On the bilateral level, Tokyo attaches "high importance" to its relationship with Jordan, "which was given a major boost by the Jordan Week" held in Japan iti May, said the ambassador.

"The Jordan Week" in Japan was a tremendous success in offering an insight to the people of Japan on Jordan and its culture, he added.

While in Amman, Mr. Murayama will discuss plans to hold a similar Japan Week" in Jordan in a hid to "expand our political and economic relations to cultural and many other different fields and familiarise

the Jordanian people with Japanese culture and way of life," Mr. Kimura said.

Mr. Murayama is expected to reaffirm Japan's support for the proposal for a regional development bank and willingness to contribute to its capital. As to the location of the proposed bank, "it is an issue that should be discussed and decided upon by the parties directly concerned," Mr. Kimura said. "Japan respects and supports Jordan's position in this

regard." It was not immediately known whether Mr. Murayama will announce any aid to Jordan during the visit. Tokyo and Amman are discussing several projects for possible Japanese financing as well as for grant aid. These include bridges and crossing points across the River Jordan and access roads.

Jordan became eligible for Japanese grant aid in 1993 after the Kingdom's per capita income dipped below \$1,200.

Since then the Kingdom has received over \$40 million in Japanese grants.

Japan is also Jordan's largest creditor, holding about \$1.8 hillion of the Kingdom's foreign debts of \$5.6 billion. Tokyo recently agreed to adjust interest on the loans to alleviate the rising hurden of the loans given in Japanese yen as the Japanese currency gained strength against the dollar.

Japanese foreign policy does not allow for cancellation of foreign dues and coutinued development loans. As such, Tokyo has promised to make more funds available to Jordan at concessionary terms to help the Kingdom's balance of payments and build foreign currency reserves.

Japanese officials also indicated recently that the Tokyo government was considering "some kind of a formula under which Jordan's deht hurden could be further

Sri Lankan rebels claim 15

COLOMBO (AFP) - Tamil guerrillas Friday alleged that a military strike killed 15 civilians, as government troops continued their offensive in northern Sri Lanka for a fourth successive day, Tamil sources and officials said.

The clandestine radio of the Liberatioo Tigers of Tamil Eelam claimed that 15 civilians were killed and another 43 injured in artillery and aerial bomhardmeot of villages in oorthern Jaffna peninsula. Tamil sources said.

The rebel radio said four Tamil fighters were killed. Bot a military spokesman here denied there were civilian casualties and claimed that ground troops have killed 24 rebels since the limited offensive io the rebel-cootrolled peninsula was launched Tuesday.

"The operation is cootinuing," the spokesman said. Three more Tigers were killed vesterday. Our casualties so far stand at five soldiers dead." The five troopers were killed oo the first day of fighting.

The Voice of Tigers radio said buodreds of civilians were displaced in the villages of Punnalaikadduvan and Mallakam and several buildiogs damaged io the

DHAKA (AFP) — One per-

soo died and more than 60

people were injured as thou-

sands left Dhaka Friday

ahead of a 72-bour oatioo-

wide general strike, reports

One person was killed and

three others seriously

injured Thursday in eastern

Narsingboi town while mak-

ing, bombs ahead of the strike, the daily Inquiab

newspaper reported, adding

the iojured were rushed to a

Forty people were injured

when student supporters of

Prime Minister Khaleda

Dbaka bospital.

military offensive, Tamil sources, who monitored the broadcast, said.

Military officials said the aim of the current campaign was to destroy LTTE mortar guti positioos oo the outskirts of the main Palaly military complex that had come under intermittent rebel fire in recent weeks.

Meanwhile, investigators contioued a probe into the crash of an air force transport aircraft off the island's western coast, which killed all 75 security personnel oo board, officials said.

Sabotage or bad weather were being investigated as likely causes for Wednesday's crash of the Russianhuili transport plane, defeoce officials said. The passeogers iocluded 68 soldiers being ferried to the oorthern war theatre.

The air force has ruled out an LTTE missile attack. The rebels were hlamed for bringing dowo two air force aircraft with missiles in the Jaffna peninsula in April. The authorities bave banned all domestic flights since

The loss of the AN-32 transport plane was a major hlow to a planned military assault against the LTTE in the Jaffna peninsula later this mouth, defence officials

1 dead in Bangladesh pre-strike violence

arch-rival Hasina Wajed's Awami League clasbed

Thursday in pro- and anti-

strike rallies in southern

Barguna town, newspapers

Another 25 people were

burt during violence in the

southern river port town of

In a separate incident

Thursday, the United News

of Bangladesb news agency

said unidentified assailaints

threw a powerful bome-

made bomb at the resideoce

Mahbubur · Rahman

Chandpur, reports said.

Chief military spokesman Sarath Munasinghe admitted the loss of the plane was a setback hut said it was "temporary." the LTTE for its part remained silent about

The LTTE is fighting for a separate state io the north-east for Sri Lanka's two million Tamils. Meanwhile the Sri Lankan

government Friday denied reports that it planned to outlaw the Tamil Tigers to pave the way for a worldwide ban on the guerrilla group.

The state-ruo Daily News

Friday carried a report quotiog Sri Lanka's ambassador io the United States, Jayantha Dhanapala as saying that the LTTE would be banned in due course.

But a Foreign Ministry pokesman veberneotly spokesman denied the report.

"This is oot true. There is oo such move. The reporter has quoted Mr. Dhanapala of context," spokesman said.

The Daily News quoted Mr. Dhanapala as telling a conference of Sri Lankan expatriates in Michigan that the government had out banned the LTTE previously because "it wanted to keep the option of negotiations

tary in the nearby river port

town of Narayanganj. No

one was hurt in the incident.

At least three people bave

died and scores were injured

in opposition street protests

The three-day general strike, the third this mooth

sponsored by the country's

three main opposition par-ties; is likely coincide with another 72-hour industrial

action threatened by the

The unions have threat-

ened to shut jute and textile

mills and block railroads

unless the government

country's trade unions.

over the past two months.

civilians killed in offensive However, Mr. Dhanapala was quoted as saying that the LTTE would be banned in Sri Lanka and "a request made to governments where the LTTE has offices to close them." Sri Lanka's foreign minister, Lakshman Kadirgamar has repeatedly urged Western governments to belp terminate the LTTE overseas operations. The LTTE bas several offices in

> However, foreign governmeots have stressed that they were not able to take action either until the LTTE violated the laws of their host countries or the Sri Lankan government banned the guerrilla organisation.
> A senior U.S. official

Western capitals.

Robin Raphel said during a brief visit bere earlier this mooth that eveo if Colombo banned the LTTE ber governmeot would oot be able to punish the rebels unless they violated U.S. laws.

India is the only country to have outlawed the LTTE, which is hlamed for the May 1991 assassination of former Indian prime minister, Rajiv Gandhi. LTTE supremo Velupillai Prabharakaran is the main accused in the Gandhi murder case,

WASHINGTON (AP) The United States rejected Chioese demands for a total ban on visits by government leaders of Taiwan.

The State Department Thursday also brushed aside Beijing protests about a new issue troubling U.S.-China relations, President Bill Clintoo's casual meeting Wednesday with the Dalai Lama, the exiled Tibetan Buddhist leader.

Burns said the United States "cannot agree" to China's propositioo that U.S. visas be denied to leaders of Taiwan. The issue added to the strain of U.S.-Chinese relations when Taiwan Presideot Lee Teog-Hui was allowed a private entry visa in June to attend an event at Cornell University in Ithaca, New York, his alma

U.S. rejects protests over visits by Taiwanese, Dalai Lama

Spokesman Nicholas

Mexico quake kills at least 4, homes destroyed MEXICO CTTY (R) — A

major earthquake hii Mexi-co Thursday, killiog at least four people, toppling homes in rural areas and rocking Mexico City almost exactly 10 years after the last hig quake killed 10,000 people. Officials in the poor southwestern state of Guerrero said a 40-year-old woman was confirmed killed and that they had been told a seven-year-old child died when he was crushed hy a falling wall at his home. Another two people were reportedly killed.

As rumours of the toll swirled, police agents said 12 people were killed in the hadly-hit mountain town of Igualapa, where 95 homes were destroyed and about 300 more seriously dam-

State government spokesmen flatly denied that claim but said dozens of people were injured, most of them hit on the head by loose tiles falling from the roofs of their homes.

Measuring a potent 7.2 on the Richter Scale, the quake caused little serious damage outside the southwestern states of Guerrero — the site of its epicentre — and Oax-

But it caused panic in Mexico City, where resideots relived the nightmare of a massive earthquake which killed at least 10,000 people on Sept. 19, 1985.

They went scurrying into the streets when Thursday's earthquake began at 8:04 a.m. (1400 GMT) many. cried and hugged each other as the memories of 10 years ago came flooding back.

At least 700 people were treated for shock and many residents feared fresh blows

watanabe, a rormer Japan-

ese foreign minister and

cootender for the office of

prime minister, died of beart

failure at a Tokyo hospital

Watanabe was for years an

outspoken leader of the

business-orieoted Liberal

Democratic Party (LDP),

which governed Japan for

38 coosecutive years before

falling from power m 1993.

The LDP is now a senior

partner in the ruling coali-

One of his last major tasks

was to lead a delegation of

LDP members to the North

Korean capital, Pyongyang,

in March.

early Friday. He was 72.



Two Mexico City residents are treated for minor injuries by a doctor after an earthquake shook the mexican capital (AFP photo)

In 1985, the first earth-

quake measured 8.1 on the Richter Scale and was followed one day later by another which measured 7.6. More than a dozeo light aftershocks followed Thursday's quake.

Seismic experts said Mexico City and its 20 millioo residents may have beeo saved from greater soffering this time because the combination of geological conditioos at the epicentre and the shallowness of the quake pushed much of its force down toward the bowels of the Earth rather than across

the conotry. The capital's electricity and telephone services were interrupted and a few buildings were evacuated after cracks appeared, including the beadquarters of the longruling Institutional Revolutionary Party, where stairs and columns were damaged.

and at the Energy Ministry.

Most of the damage came

Former Japanese minister Watanabe dies

TOKYO (R) — Michio There, be signed an agree- He lost both times. Mr.

ment with his North Korean

counterparts urging the gov-

ernments of Japan and North

korea to resume talks.

stalled since 1992, on nor-

The Japanese government

Watanabe, first elected to

is currectly negotiating to

the lower house in 1963.

served in a variety of gov-

ernment posts, including deputy prime minister, min-

ister of finance and minister

of international trade and

He ran for LDP president twice, once in 1991 against

Kiichi Miyazawa and again

in 1993 against Yohei Kono.

malising ties.

begin talks.

industry.

in the coming hours and to the small towns of Igualapa and San Luis Acatlan located in the mouotains of Guerrero and about three bours drive from the Pacific beach resort of Acapulco.

Alvarez Roberto spokesman for the Guerrern state government, said tourists in Acapulco bad been frightened but not burt by the quake.

Tourists are oot as accustomed to this sort of thing as we are - imagine bow borrible it was for them," Mr. Alvarez said.

Greenpeace and Mexican ecologists said the quake may have been caused hy France's recent nuclear test in the South Pacific.

"We are going to ask the government to investigate whether the Mururoa tuclear test could bave contributed to this earthquake since we warned at the time that the explosion might caose seismic tremors," said Homero Aridjis, a poet wbo beads the group of 100 envi-ronmental organisation.

Miyazawa went on

become prime minister.

Watanabe also had a histo-

ry of making off-colour con-

troversial remarks, some of

which bave provoked

protest from foreign coun-

He once suggested that blacks in the United States

had a problem with credit

and were unable to keep up

In June, Watanabe's remarks that Japan's hrutal

1910 annexation of Korea

was the result of an "ami-

able" agreement provoked

He later apologised and retracted his remarks.

riots in Sonth korea.

with their bills.

tries.

Heroin addicts offered one-way bus ticket

Grant, Hurley plan

movie project HOLLYWOOD, California

(R) - British actor Hugh Grant plans to star in a med.

ical thriller he would also

co-produce with long-time girlfriend Elizabeth Hurley. a studio official said. Castle

spokesman Jobn Desimio

denied a story in the Holly-

wood Reporter, subsequent-

ly carried by Reuters, that

said the model/actress

would star as well. The pro-

ject, which is still being

negotiated, would be

Grant's first since his June

arrest for having oral sex

with a Hollywood prosti-

tute. The arrest and subse-

quent lurid headlines

angered Hurley, hui Grant

sought her forgiveness and

the pair at least seem to

enjoy a working relation-

ship. Mr. Desimio said the Extreme Measures screen-

play, written by Tooy Gilroy

(who adapted Stephen King's (Dolores Claiborne)

is about a doctor who inves-

rigates a suspicious case and

jeopardises his career trying

to uncover a frightening

truth. He said oo other stars

have been signed yet and

did oot know wheo the

movie would get the green

Entertainment

DARWIN, Australia (AFP) - Australia's Northern Territory has annouoced a oovel scheme to deal with its heroin addicts - giving them one-way hus tickets to other states. Northern Territory Health Minister Fred Finch said his government would offer addicts oneway bus tickets to other states because methadone drug treatment was not available in the territory. Mr. Finch told the Aus's tralian Broadcasting Corporation Radio be was out keen to send addicts by air, "As for which is safer a bus or a plane, I don't know if I'd be too keep to be sitting next to someooe who's in a bad state of withdrawal on a plane," Finch said. "A1 least with the bus you can put'em off at the next stop, can't you?" bus companies reacted sceptically Friday; Stepben Jones, chief executive of Pioneer-Greybound Coachlines, said drivers were under instructions to refuse entry to anyone visibly affected by alcobol "or any other substance. We are. tiot going to be a repository. for drug addicts injecting

themselves," be said. Beatles lyrics sell . record price

LONDON (AP) - Paul McCartney's bandwritten lyrics for Getting Better. sold for £161,000 (\$249,550), a record price for a pop music manuscript, the auctioneer Sotheby's said. The sale of rock'n'rnll memorabilia, includingposters and guitar straps, totaled £739,000 (\$1.15 millioo), Sothehy's said-Getting Better was on Sgt-Pepper's Lonely Hearts Club Band album released. by the Beatles in 1967. The manuscript was bought by an anooymous telephone bidder at an aoctioo of rock memorabilia, Sotheby's said. The price for Getting Better beats the previousrecord for a pop mosic manuscript set at Sotheby's in 1992 — £48,500 (\$74,200) for John Lennon's lyrics for A Day In The Life, McCartney's original handwritten' lyrics for Ob-la-di Ob-la-da. written in 1968 with a hlue ballpoint pen, sold for £30,582 (\$47,400), also to an anooymous telephone

French filmmaker honored

bidder, Sothehy's said.

FRANKFURT (AP) -" Jean-Luc Godard, the French avant-garde filmmaker, is to be awarded the, Adomo Prize for a lifetime_ of artistic achievement, city officials said. Mayor Claudia Roth will present the 50,000 Mark (\$35,000)". prize Sunday to Godard, 64year-old director of Breathless, My Life To Live, Every Man For Himself and 30 other films and video. projects. Godard is "one of. the great aesthetic avantgardists of the 20th centu-;. ry," said the award announcement from the city; of Frankfurt.

Bangladest Masum, the opposition meets their demand for Nationalist Party and her Jatiya Party general secre- wage increases by Sunday. Pope calls for truly African church

YAOUNDE (R) — Pope John Paul celebrated the first public mass of his 11th visit to Africa Friday with a resounding call for development of a truly African church to take the continent into the 21st century.

At a ceremony during which tens of thousands of people swayed to the rhythm of a uniquely African hlend of drummiog, singing and dancing, the Pope endorsed one of the main conclusions of an uoprecedeoted 1994 Vatican synod on the way forward in Africa.

"This synod looks to the future. It wants to show the ways forward for the church on the African contineot. This is of major importance in this transition to the third millenium," he said duriog the ceremony as a military airport io Cameroon's capi-

ed with last year's ethnic slaughter in Rwanda, in which up to a million people died, called for a membership drive in the continent.

flourishing on the world's poorest cootinent

who will also visit South Africa and Kenya during his

week-long tour, delivered a resouoding endorsement for efforts to enrich the African

"We march towards salvation throughout life oo Earth it should therefore be seen both from the point of view of God and from the point of view of man," he said, speaking under a buge African thatched roof pro-

tecting the open-air altar. "Today we must deepen the coocepi of inculturatioo," he added. "Incultura-tioo is everythiog which confirms the presence of Christ in your African cultures, and therefore, io your languages, your literature, your songs, your dances, the way you celebrate the Eucharist and also io the way you live your everyday

FBI takes centre stage in Simpson trial

LOS ANGELES (R) — The O.J. Simpson double-murder trial took another twist as court papers showed the foothall legend's defence team was preparing to use one FBI ageo1 to demonstrate that another ageot was capable of fahricating evidence.

In what was seen as a victory for Simpson's defeoce team, a judge in Washington, D.C., ordered Federal Bureau of Investigation (FBI) supervising agent Frederic Whitehursi 10 appear in court in Los Angeles because Judge Lance Ito. in charge of the Simpson trial, bad found him material

to the case. According to Simpsoo's defence team, Mr. Whitehurst will testify that he caught agent Roger Martz in a "siing" over the bombing by Muslim extremists of the World Trade Centre in New York, hy leaving out certain explosive components that Mr. Martz said he found in examining the evidence.

tise and findings in other cases, which ioclude the World Trade Centre bomb-

ing case." preservative EDTA, going against the defence theory

to defence and harmful to

cases.

assailant.

Defence expert Dr. Henry Lee had previously suggested that the hlood pattern oo the jeans was consistent with sboe prints, raising the possibility that two people were responsible for the

The first set of clearly defined bloody shoe prints were found leading away from the murder scene.

Goldman was stabbed to Simpsoo, outside her luxury

KATMANDU, Nepal (AP) - For all its poverty and hackwardness, Nepal is often praised for the way it has handled democracy since it switched from an absolute mooarch to a parliament in 1991. All four of its prime minis-

ters have been activists who had risked their lives and served prison sentences while leading the country's pro-democracy movement in 1990. And eveo though Nepal's

two main political parties are sharply divided philosophically, they have so far allowed legislators and the electorate to choose between

"For a oew democracy, Nepal has done a good job," said Joe Manickavasagam, the World Bank director in

"It even appears to be learning by trial and error in the important area of ecooomic development. If Nepal goes on like this, the future looks good," he said in an interview.

Last weekend, Nepal dropped a nine-month experiment with a Communist government promoting populism and gave a centrist party that favours free-market economic reforms a second chance.

Oo Thursday, the new prime minister, 49-year-old Sher Bahadur Deuba, said his Nepali Congress Party power, Mr. Adhikari pro-

face possible dismissal.

"My biggest challeoge will be to bring the economy hack onto the right track by reintroducing the economic liberalisation policies of my party," Mr. Deuba said in his

"The previous governmeon tried to convert Nepal's hureaucracy into a Communist one, not a democratic one," he said.

vants that they will not be allowed to politicise their work. As professionals it is their duty to carry out orders. Those who doo't could be dismissed."

Nepali Congress Party formed a coalition governmeot Monday after Mr. Adhikari's Communist Party of Nepal lost a no-confidence vote in the House of Representatives.

During his nine months in

moted many leftist loyalists in Nepal's hureaucracy and appointed others as directors of its many state-owned companies.

He also slowed down the ecocomic reforms that the previous Coogress party government had introduced in 1991 and began populist programmes widely regarded as costly and poorly planned.

For example, the 4,000 villages in this impoverished nation were giveo "build your own village" grams of \$16,000 each and allowed to spend them for any develop-

meoi project they chose.

Nearly 60,000 landless
Nepalis received "owner-ship certificates" for small tracts of state-owned proper-In a country where govern-

meot employees are the only workers who generally receive pensions, Mr. Adhikari's government eotitled all Nepalis over 75 to small peosions. Before being ousted Sun-

day, Mr. Adhikari's cabinet had proposed a 1995-1996 budget that World Bank sources predicted would leave this poor country with a mounting fiscal deficit. But the budget was

scrapped when Adhikari's government fell, and a new one is being prepared by Mr. Deuba's new cabinet.

The House of Represeoia-

sessioo Thursday, is expect-ed to receive it for approval

SOOR. During the interview, Mr. Deuba refused to discuss details of his budget, but be raised the possibility of preserving the popular "build your own village" programme hy taking steps to make sure that each hamlet uses the money properly.

In the meantime, he said he will step up ecocomic reforms designed to attract as much foreign iovestment as possible in Nepal, a country where most people are

"Nobody is going to invest bere for industry. We hydroelectric projects."

"The African synod plays a determinion role in the preparation of all for entering the third millenium of church with local culture, language and tribal traditioo.

Christianity." The synod, which coiocid-

The Catholic Church, spread throughout Africa by generations of European missionaries, counts nearly 100 million of Africa's 700

million people among its ranks. li reports a boom in cooversions but other religious groups - Islam, Protestant groups and a host of Christian-inspired sects — are also

The 75-year-old Pontiff,

One of Simpson's defence attorneys, Robert Blaiser, in a declaration to Judge 110. said he had reviewed reports generated hy Mr. Whitehurst concerning allegations that Mr. Martz had "committed perjury in other cases with respect to his training exper-

In the Simpson case, Mr. Martz testified earlier that blood he tested contained no significant amounts of the that detectives planted blood samples from Simpson and the victims at his multi-million-dollar estate and his car.

But according to papers filed hy Mr. Blaiser, Mr. Martz has a "hahii and custom" of changing FB1 reports, removing information that he thinks might be helpful to the defence, knowingly suppresses ioformation that might be helpful

prosecutors, and has testified falsely in a oumber of

In other developments on Thursday, FBI scieotist Doug Deedrick said hlood imprints oo the jeans worn by victim Ronald Goldman. identified hy a defence expert as being made hy a shoe, could have been made by Goldman's shirt brushing his jeans as he fought his

murders.

death along with Simpson's ex-wife, Nicole Brown home last year. Simpsoo has pleaded oot guilty to the

would try to work with the Communist Party of Nepal (Marxist-Leninist).

But Mr. Deuba also issued a warning to all bureaucrats loyal to the previous Communist government: support his economic reforms or

In an interview with the Associated Press, Mr. Deuba said his predecessor, Prime Minister Man Mohan Adhikari, had risked bankrupting Nepal by introduc-ing populist programmes to

"I will first warn civil ser-

Mr. Deuba's centrist

Nepal's young democracy enters a new phase tives, which began a oew

still farmers.

Handmade woolleo carpets and readymade clothes are the country's top two exports. Foreign companies have opened hotels in Nepal for the many tourists the country attracts, especially for trekking and climbing through its Himalayan Mountains.

don't bave such a market," Mr. Deuha said. "But we will seek foreign investment in areas such as tourism and Mr. Deuba could have a

tough time winning over voters and the opposition with free-market reforms that could take a long time 10 help poor people, especially Nepal's many small-time A Reporter subsequen

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POINT-A-PITRE (AFP) -Hurricane Marilyn Friday threatened to brush past several Carribean islands still recovering from another devastating storm that hit them last week.

the arrest and the Packing winds of up to at heral heading pred Harley but Gr 140 kilometres per hour, Marilyu skirted Gnadeloupe fate Thursday, severing telephone links with the sonthern part of the French-ruled Island but otherwise causing minor damage, according to Treporters in the area.

A state of alert was lifted at midnight hy Meteo France, the local weather service, but strong winds still buffeted this capital, leaving several sectors withoot electricity.

- A hurricane warning was issued late Thursday for Puerto Rico, the U.S. Virgin Islands, and British Virgin Islands, all north of Guade-

In San Juan, Puerto Rico, Governor Pedro Rosello said the the storm could hit the U.S. territory by Friday, and ordered all schools, universities and public building to stay closed.

At 0400 GMT, Marilyn, the 13th storm of a hurricane season shaping up to be one of the busiest on record, was located 50 kilometres northeast of Guadeloupe heading northwest at 21 kilometres per hour.

Seas of up to four metres recorded around Guadeloupe, with a tidal surge of around one metre. Forecasters expect the storm to pass 100 kilometres from the French island of St. Barthelemy and Franco-Dutch St. Martin to the north, both of which were ravaged last week hy hurricane Luis.

hurricane-force Since winds extend up to 50 kilometres from the storm's centre, both islands will he snared hrunt of Marilyn, which was classified as a minor, or category one hurricane with winds between 119 and 153 kilometres per hour. The storm's broad swath of winds spanned 230 kilometres, and the National Hurricane Centre in Miami said it was bringing 12 to 20 centimetres of rain, posing the threat of flasb floods and mudslides.

Earlier Thursday, Marilyn brushed Barbados with sustained winds up to 105 kilometres per bour. No major damage was reported.

In the French island of Martinique, north of Barbados, witnesses reported that violent winds had ripped roofs off homes and uprooted trees, as authorities closed schools, postponed exams, and shut the airport. Marilyn was churning through the Caribbean just a

week after Luis, the most nowerful storm in years, attered several Caribbean islands and left at least 11 dead and thousands home-

Meanwhile the luxury british liner QE2 was hit by a tidal wave as it crossed the Atlantic, its captain said Fri-

ord for a pop uniscant and for a pop uniscant and series of Schools for a popular series of the Captain Ronald Warwick. who was on the hridge with four crewmen when the wave hit, said: "It was bit scary. It looked as if we were going straight into the white cliffs of Dover, real postil Pen add 8 white-knuckle stuff.

"It was the highest wave I have seen in 38 years at sea," he told Sky Television. The 95-foot (30-metre) wave, caused by the seas

more was gliphed being whipped up by hurricane Luis, hit the ship bowsate to the state of the on. The wave was so buge see to be available that its crest was at bridge

orne Prior for a lifetime allen separement in Most of the 1,200 passengers were asleep. Capt. War-The state of the s wick ordered people to stay below decks as the ship was ait by the massive wall of

Spinship to moduli da the strategic of figure water. No one was injured. We like to head Cunard spokesman Eric Sam lor Huselfand Flounders said the ship had Office there and parties with the state of t been south of Newfoundland, near the Grand Banks, the storm Monday night. At no point was the QE2 in danger.

Bhutto withdraws treason charges against Sharif

Pakistan (AP) — Prime Minister Benazir Bhutto withdrew treason charges - a crime that carries the death penalty against Nawaz Sharif. her arch rival and former prime minister, as well as several other leading opposition legislators, news

reports said Friday. Mr. Sharif, who now beads the opposition in parliament, his former interior minister, Shujaat Hussein and several members of the opposition were among 15 people charged several months ago with treason.

At the time it was feared that the charges would worsen an already tense standoff between Ms. Bhutto's government and opposition legislators, who have been demanding her resignation due to the country's political and economic problems.

It wasn't immediately clear why Ms. Bhutto ordered the charges dropped or whether it signalled a thaw in relations between her and her political opponents.

treason charges The against Mr. Sharif referred to a June 1993 incident when he was prime minister, the authorities said. He was accused of subverting the constitution in an attempt to gain control of Punjah

Mr. Sharif levelled similar

charges against Ms. Bbutto earlier this week after her Pakistan People's Party and its allies took control of the Punjab province from her political opponents.

The contest for the Punjab province, the largest and most powerful of Pakistan's four provinces, was a critical one for Ms. Bhutto.

Mr. Sharif was forced to resign as prime minister in July 1993 after losing control of the Punjab province. Ms. Bhutto's party won a slim victory in general elec-

tions in October 1993 and

she now heads a coalition government. Since then she and Mr. Sharif have been bitter opponents. Mr. Sharif has accused Ms. Bhutto of nsing the judicial system to harass and intimidate her political

However several opposition politicians either are in jail or awaiting trial on charges ranging from illegal possession of firearms to frand.

opponents, a charge she

Earlier this year Mr. Sharif's former Culture and Industry Minister Sheikh Rashid Ahmad was sentenced to seven years in jail for possessing an unregistered firearm, an unnsually harsh sentence in a country where most people possess a gun and few register them.

Major drafts blueprint for election victory

LONDON (R) — Prime Minister John Major has set out a strategy to keep his Conservatives in power until the 21st century by promising a crackdown on crime and fresh efforts to rein in Britain's runaway welfare

After a day-long brainstorming session of ministers that he had dubbed the biggest review of British government policy for two decades, Mr. Major also beralded new help for small

standards.

But the unusual cabinet meeting, held at Mr. Major's official country residence north of Loodon, was overshadowed by the leak of an official document highlighting the weaknesses of the ruling party's record on education.

The paper warned that insufficient funding threatened the provision of education in state schools - a politically explosive issue for millions of Britons wondering whether to give the Conservatives a fifth securive term in office at the drive to raise educational next general election.

Study shows Europe's important differences

BRUSSELS (AP) — Danes frown on cigarette smoking, but think nothing of pre-marital sex. Greeks wait till their wedding nights, but relax by smoking 3,000 cigarettes a year. These and other Euro-tidbits are to he found in a 500-page yearbook released Thursday by the European Union's (EU)

The Eurostat compilation of 10 years of figures shows just how far the EU has to go to achieve its grand design of uniting the diverse peoples of the continent.

The Greeks and Danes frequently find themselves at opposing ends of the scale.

Around half Danish bahies are born to unmarried couples, compared to only 3 per cent in Greece. Health-conscious Denmark has the fewest smokers, going through only half as many cigarettes as the Greeks. Greeks are the EU's most religious people. Eighty-seven

per cent thinks religion is important in their lives. Only 28 per cent of Danes feel the same way. Elsewhere, 99 per cent of Italians think work is an impor-

tant factor in their lives. The British apparently are more relaxed, with 20 per cent saying work does not play an important role.

But are the Brits having more fun?

Mayhe so. They spend 3.2 per cent of their wages on "entertainment, recreation and cultural services" - more than any other nation.

Dour Belgians appear to spend the least on enjoying them-selves, just 1.5 per cent - although figures on Germany's

level of fun-loving were strangely unavailable. The Europeans can't agree on what to teach their children. The British and French think tolerance and respect for others is the quality they should most encourage in their off-

Greeks set most store on good manners. The Portuguese give a high priority to hard work, while the Dutch want to pass on a love of life.

Only 2 per cent of EU parents considered appreciation of beauty important — and most of those were German.

As for speaking each other's languages, Luxembourg has the most polyglots - 99 per cent speak something other than Luxembourgois. The portuguese are Europe's worst linguists

— 61 per cent speak no foreign language.

When it comes to drinking, the wine-guzzling French are way out froot, knocking back an equivalent of 14.8 liters (31) pints) of pure alcohol a year.

Sober Swedes, stymied by high liquor taxes, limit themselves to 6 liters (14 pints). Maybe that explains wby they have the lowest death-rate

from road accidents, just 6 per 100,000. In Portugal, however, its best to take care when driving. With 45 deaths per 100,000 it has the most dangerous roads

of the 15 EU nations. The Netherlands has the highest murder rate - 15 killings per 100,000 people. That compares to just 1 per 100,000 in

Ireland and Finland. Those dangerous Dutch even outpace the United States which has a 9 per 100,000 murder rate, although the report warns that differences in legal definitions of murder may dis-

The report compiles statistics gathered by the Luxembourg-based Eurostat over the past 10 years. Subjects covered range to life expectancy to the percentage of land area

Belarus faces U.S. wrath over downing

MINSK (R) - Belarussian President Alexander Lukashenko, a pro-Russian maverick, faces U.S. wrath over why his country's military shot down a bot air balloon and killed two Ameri-

of balloon

The White House and U.S. State Department heaped scorn on Belarussian explanations Thursday that a helicopter gunship downed the balloon taking part in a race because its identity was unclear and it had entered a strategically sensitive area.

Mr. Lukashenko has yet to comment publicly Tuesday's incident near the border with Poland, except to issue an order opening criminal proceedings over the action. Two commissions have until Oct. 1 to investigate the matter.

On Thursday, he issued a decree accepting the resignation of Belarus's liberal central bank chairman, effectively ridding himself of the most vocal opponent of his drive to integrate his country of 10 million with neighbouring Russia.

Belarus's First Deputy Foreign Minister Valery Tsepkalo accepted a degree of guilt over the balloon incident. But other senior officials also apportioned blamed to the two American pilots, race organisers and even Polish air traffic offi-

Yuri Sivakov of Belarus's National Security Council said authorities bad not received formal notice of the race, which began in Switzerland last Saturday. "We received no such

notice and we gave no formal agreement to organis-ers," he said. "all this led to what happened."

The helicopter gunship shot down the balloon after it ignored warning shots and ls to identify itself, Mr. Sivakov said. Two other balloons had landed safely after showing national flags, he added.

White House spokesman Mike McCurry dismissed the account, saying there was "some circumstantial evidence that would seem to suggest that it was not necessarily a tragic mistake and we're trying to get to the bottom of that now".

Grachev: Chechenya pullout too early

MOSCOW (Agencies) — Russian Defence Minister Pavel Grachev has said it is too early to withdraw troops from the hreakaway Chechenya region since rehels there had not yet surrendered their weapons.

"In my view the situation in the republic does not allow us to do this," he told Interfax News Agency. Anatoly Romanov, Rus-

commander Chechenya, said Wednesday that 8,000 Interior Ministry troops had been withdrawn under a military agreement that also called for rehels to Gen. Grachev said this

was a complete surprise to him and Prime Minister Viktor Chernomyrdin was also bewildered. The situation in the trans-

Caucasus region was "not as rosy as it is sometimes made out to he", Gen. Grachev said. "Weapons, as a rule, were being given up by peo-

ple who did not take part in military activities."

Oleg Lobov, President Boris Yeltsin's special envoy to Chechenya, told a government commission meeting that the pace of work to repair damage from the con-

flict had to he speeded np. "I have never seen such destruction before and, if work proceeds at the present rate, it will take 20 years to restore (the regional capital) Grozny alone," Interfax quoted him as saying.

Russia sent troops to

Chechenya last December to end the region's now fouryear-old drive for independence from Russia. Thousands of people have been killed in fighting and many more have fled their homes.

The two sides agreed Wednesday that the rehels should hand in all their heavy weapons by Sept. 20. ITAR-TASS news agency said only 1,250 guns had been surrendered so far

while 50,000 to 80,000 firearms were still at large.

The Chechens say the presence of Russian troops makes many fighters reluctant to give up their weapons. Sporadic clashes have continued despite a ceasefire agreement.

killed and eight others wounded in clashes over the past 24 hours hetween Russian and separatist forces in Chechenya, Russian army sources said Friday. Russian positions were hit

A Russian soldier was

by 22 shells including 18 in Grozny during a day of shelling, a spokesman for the Russian federal forces said.

On Friday a Russian armoured vehicle hit a car in the centre of Grozny killing a passenger and injuring two others. Around 300 people surrounded the vehicle to stop it driving away but the crowd dispersed peacefully after the crew was taken

away for questioning over the incident.

Meanwhile, a Russian-Chechen committee attempting to implement the military accord met to ease friction over the surrender of weapons, Russian officials said.

The sides gathered to discuss difficulties applying the accord and to analyse Russian claims that they do not have enough money to huy arms off Chechen fighters as suggested in the military accord.

On Thursday the accord appeared shaky after a leading Chechen negotiator said Chechen separatists would stop surrendering weapons if Moscow did not force pro-Russian militias to disarm.

Khodzh-Akhmed Yerikhanov, who heads the peace negotiations, said groups loyal to Moscow protege Salamhyek Khadzhiyev had not been laying down

37 die as Malaysia plane crashes on shantytown

KUALA LUMPUR (AP) — A Malaysian Airlines plane crashed while landing Friday and plowed through a shantytown near the runway, killing at least 37 of the 53 people on board, officials

More people were killed in their homes, crushed by the hurning Fokker F-50, said police in Tawau town where the crasb occurred.

Hospital officials contacted in Tawau said at least eight people, including two crew members, survived, and 37 were killed. The fate of the remaining 16 people was not immediately known. The airline bad originally

said 49 people were on board hut later corrected the figure to 53. Malaysian Airlines Chair-

man Tajudin Ramli said the

plane oversbot the runway while landing and exploded in the shantytown,

He said the five-year-old plane had been serviced Wednesday and a mandatory check had revealed no technical defects. Weather and visibility also were good Fri-

day.
"We are not aware that any distress signal was sent out," Ramli told reporters. He refused to speculate if the crash was caused by pilot error. He also refused to confirm the death toll.

One of the survivors, Tawan Prison Superintendent Jews Sinau, was quoted by the Malaysian News Agency, Bernama, as saying the "plane suddenly dived and crashed into houses outside the perimeter of the airport."

One other survivor was quoted as saying that he fled amid cries from other passengers.

Flight MH-2133, which came down at 1:20 p.m. local time (0520 GMT), was

crashed at the end of its one-

were Malaysian.

carrying 49 passengers including a baby, as well as two pilots and two flight attendants. The Dutch-made plane

hour domestic flight in Sabah state from Sabah capital Kota Kinahalu to Tawau. There didn't appear to be any foreigners on board as

all names on the passenger list sounded Malaysian. The four crew members also

Residents contacted in Tawau, home to about 200,000 people on the coast of Celebes Sea, said they

heard a loud boom at the time of the crash and saw smoke hillowing from the direction of the airport.

The plane came down on the runway and punched through a row of 20 honses at the edge of the runway, said a police official wbo spoke on condition of anonymity.

Residents said the damaged houses were unauthorised slums huilt by illegal immigrants from the Philippines and Indonesia who have streamed into Sabah to work in construction, timber camps and cocoa and oil plantations.

Tawau is 1,165 kilometres east of Malaysia's capital, Kuala Lumpur. Sabah is on Borneo Island, which Malaysia shares with Brunei and Indonesia.

Greek exporters long for end to Balkan sanctions

SALONIKA, Greece (R) — Greek exporters, badly hit hy Balkan sanctions, are crossing their fingers that a U.S.-brokered pact between Athens and the former Yugoslav Republic of Macedonia will signal a return to

lost markets. In a small but auspicious move for peace in the strifetorn Balkans, the two states normalised ties at U.N. Headquarters this week in a deal that could end Greece's crippling embargo on its neighbour within 30 days.

Northern exporters, who

account for 90 per cent of

firms in the sector and 53 per cent of current export revenoe, lost a key market when Athens slapped the embargo on the former (FYROM) last year.

Already strait-jacketed hy U.N. sanctions on Belgrade. exporters saw their profits slump and product range shrink in a double blow to the country's industry.

"Export losses have cost us about \$5 billion. We always wanted talks to end the strife in ex-Yugoslavia, our traditional customer,"

of the Northern Greek Exporters Association told Reuters.

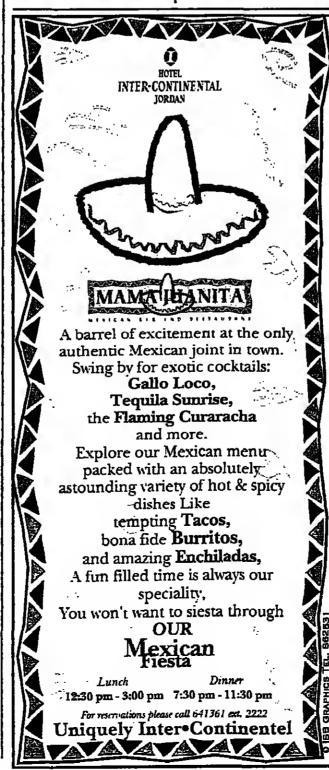
Operating fearlessly in sboestring economies and Byzantine red tape in the former Communist states. plucky Greek traders have evolved a tight network of contacts and knowhow of countries that still baffle

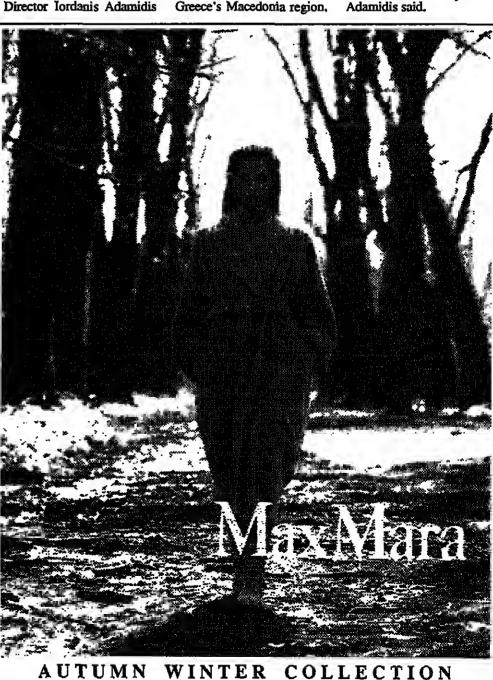
northern Europeans. The dispute with FYROM, which initially had strong support in second-city Salonika, sprang from fears the new republic would make territorial claims on Greece's Macedonia region, implicit in its choice of name, constitution and flag. "We'll see what bappens

in 30 days. If the embargo goes then we may be able to get back most of our husiness in three to six months." Mr. Adamidis said. Exports to FYROM were

rising and worth 127 million ECU (\$160 million) before sanctions in February 1994. German and Italian rivals

who elhowed into FYROM and upped their exports may he hard to shift. "we will sell at prices reasonable for FYROM's economy," Mr. Adamidis said.





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Effort for Algeria

ARAB LEAGUE's decision to respond favourably to Algeria's request to take part in the supervision of the upcoming presidential elections is a further evidence of the Arab World's interest in seeing an end to civil strife and bloodsbed in that country. The Algerian government has called on the Arab League as well as on the U.N. and the Organisation of African Unity (OAU) to monitor the Nov. 16 elections as an additional sign that it is determined to conduct fair elections.

Algeria's decision to go ahead with the poll despite an escalating campaign of violence by militants who vowed to disrupt it, is a gamble that may or may not work. Having itself stopped national elections more than three years ago when Islamists appeared poised to win them is a record that could not be easily erased. More than 30,000 people have been killed ever since. The Algerian authorities need to make a solemn and convincing commitment this time that they will honour the results whatever they may be. And in order to have genuine elections, the country needs representative candidates from the various political currents.

Even more pressing than presidential polls, Algeria needs national parliamentary elections in lieu of those that were arbitrarily halted in January of 1992. Whether presidential or parliamentary, all such elections call for a climate conducive to a democratic atmosphere in which all political parties and trends committed to the rule of law could conduct their campaigns freely. Opposition groups using violence to achieve their political ends should suspend their activities in return for a clear and unequivocal pledge from the central government, including the military establishment, that it too will observe a "cease fire" and a suspension of all efforts to apprehend members of the opposition prior to the elections. A climate of tolerance and an amnesty should be granted on both sides of the fence before the Algerian people can be expected to go to the polls freely. This much has yet to be worked out between the two sides and this is where the Arab League as well as the U.N. and the OAU can play their bridging role and accomplish their mission for peace and democracy.

ARABIC PRESS COMMENTARIES

A WRITER in Al Ra'i strongly criticised the Libyan authorities for expelling Palestinians and other nationalities from the country, many of whom, especially Palestinians, remain stranded at sea and in the desert near the borders with Egypt. Ahmad Misleh said that it is strange and shocking to the whole Arab Nation to see Libya committing this outrageous act while its leadership continue to brag about Arab unity and being keen on safeguarding pan-Arab interests. As if it were not enough for the Palestinians who are struggling to secure their freedom from Israeli occupation, Libya is now adding to the oppressed people's sufferings and aggravating the situation, added the writer. The Libyans who have been raising the slogan of pan-Arab unity and bragging about their struggle against the enemies of the Arab World are now joining the ranks of these enemies and have become the new oppressors of the Palestinian people, said the writer. It is indeed shocking to see Libya, which is facing international sanctions and urging the Arab states to give it support for ending the embargo on the Libyan people, resorting to such shameful acts against those people who have been building the country for decades, he said. With this outrageous action which must be condemned by all civilised nations, said the writer. Libya is taking a determined step to tighten the noose around the Palestinian people.

11

AL RA'I Arabic daily commented on the emir of Qatar's visit to Jordan by stressing that it is made to reaffirm the need for Jordan and Qatar to pursue constant consultations and coordination in their stands vis-a-vis pan-Arab issues and matters of common interest. The paper said that the visit marked a new stage in Qatari-Jordanian moves to enhance solidarity among the Arab countries in the wake of the Arab Gulf crisis that created tension and kept the Arab states apart. Noting that Qatar and Jordan were among the few Arab states which are seeking an end to differences among Arab governments, the paper said the exchanged visits, the consultations and the identical views and policies

en the two sides are setting a good example for the est of the Arab countries to follow. Needless to say, said the paper, that the Qatari and Jordanian leaderships are sincere in their drive to rally the Arab World towards working co" wtively for the common objectives, adding that they aware of the challenges facing the Arab states and are determined to revitalise inter-Arab cooperation and save the Arab order especially in view of the ongoings to actain a comprehensive peace in the Arab region,

Jordanian Perspective

By Dr. Musa Keilani

Situation in Hebron — culture of hatred that encourages violence

THE REPEATED attacks by settlers on a Palestinian school in Hebron and the confrontations between the residents of the town and settlers - with Israeli soldiers thrown in for good measure - are symptomatic of the way Israelis have come to regard the West Bank in 28 years of occupation. Throughout the period, they bave been taught that the West Bank is part of the "promised land" that should be controlled, no matter what, by Jews. That perbaps explains the anger of the Hebron settlers towards Palestinians who raise the Palestinian flag in the city that settlers see as the bastion of Jewish nationalism. But the actual blame for the root cause of the problem in Hebron, as elsewbere in the West Bank, should be laid squarely at the door of Israeli politicians who have, over the years. done everything to assure the settlers that their presence in-

the West Bank would be eternal.

Today, the same political leaders who have led the colonisation of the West Bank since 1967 are trying to tell the settlers the territory might not be part of the "promised land" after all and they may have to quit the area. Seen against that background, the settlers' resistance to the idea of moving out of Hebron, the only Palestinian town where settlers hive amidst Palestinians, is understandable. However, one fails to see how a solution could be reached to overcome the logjam in Israeli-Palestinian autonomy negotiations without a formula that leads to the eventual removal of the Kiryat Arba settlers, who are among the

most militant in Israeli society.

Israeli Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin and Foreign Minister Shimon Peres stand out among Israeli leaders who point to the absurdity of letting 400 settlers hold hostage the entire Palestinian-Israeli negotiations, simply by their presence in Hebron among 120,000 Palestinians. But we have seen little of practical action by the Israeli leaders to break the deadlock. Given that Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres have electoral politics to take into consideration next year, we may not see any action at all.

That leaves the problem very much on the ground. exposing one of the key flaws - or chortcomings - in the Rabin government's approach to convincing Israelis of the need to make peace with Palestinians. We have yet to bear any Israeli leader affirming in public that the West Bank and Gaza do not belong to Israelis or that the territories are stolen lands that bave to be returned to their rightful owners. What we are hearing instead is a loud proclama-tion of the need to ensure the "security and safety" of the Jewish settlements that have become part of the landmark in the West Bank, rather than hearing of the logic of returning the occupied territories as the pillar of any pe agreement with the Palestinians. Quite simply, the Rabin government and the dominant Labour Party have done very little to nurture a culture of peace among Israelis.

Indeed, Mr. Rabin and Mr. Peres are pussyfooting around the real issue at stake by trying to reveal to the Palestinians as little as possible of their real intentions about and expectations from the peace negotiations. That may or may not be a sound negotiating strategy, but it is the same ambiguity that is encooraging the settlers to continue their arrogant and violent behaviour against the Palesti-

It is not too late now for Mr. Rabin and others to confront their people and attempt to convince them of the need to understand the reality of the situation and accept that the West Bank is Palestinian and should be returned to the Palestinians regardless of what the Israeli society has been led to believe for decades.

THE WEEK IN PRINT

Expulsion of Palestinians from Libya blatant violation of human rights

REVIEWED BY ELIA NASRALLAH

THE EXPULSION of Palesunians and other nationalities from Libya; the situation in the occupied Arab territories and pan-Arab and domestic affairs were covered prominently in the local Arabic daily newspapers in the past

In an attempt to abort the peace process, the Libvan leadership has resorted to expelling the Palestinians from Libya with the result that the expelled people remain stranded in the sea, off Lebanon, or in the desert, near the Egyptian border, said Mufid Nahleh, a writer in Al Ra'i. The expulsion of the Palestinians and others is a violation of human rights and an outrageous act against people who contributed to building Libya over many years, said the writer. The Libyans who flouted human rights by committing their condemned action have done so despite their realisation that neither Egypt nor Lebanon would accept the Palestinians who would also be barred from entering the Gaza Strip by the Israeli authorities.

It was the Libyan leadership that encouraged the Palestinians and the other Arab nationals to go to Libya and help build the country decades ago, stressing that there should be no borders separating an Arab country from another, said Saleh Qallab, a writer in Al Dustour. The writer said that the expulsion of the Palestinians who have been active in the construction of Libya have nowhere to go as Egypt and Lebanon which granted them travel documents are closed to them and Israel is barring their entry into the Gaza Strip. Libya's action should be condemned but the silence of Arab and foreign nations vis a vis this shameful act is also to be deplored as they appear to be condoning this

Mahmoud Rimawi, a writer n Al Ra'i, said while the expelled Egyptians and Sudanese can return to their homeland, the Palestinians are barred from doing so by the Israeli authorities and prevented from entering Egypt and Lebanon al-though they carry these two

countries' travel documents. Depriving the Palesti-nians of the right to return and keeping them stranded in the desert or at sea is a crime that should be condemned by the world community said the

Muammar Qadhafi reali-ses too well that the expelled

Palestinians will be barred from entering the occupied Arab territories in Palestine but he is insisting on going ahead with the expulsion, claiming that it would about the Palestinian-Israeli peace talks, added the writer.

He said that Israel bears a serious responsibility towards the Palestinian people whose lands it has occupied for decades and therefore should open the door for their return if it means to achieve peace with its Arab neighbours.

Taher Al Adwan, a writer in Al Dustour, urged the Arab League to move rapidly to deal with the question of ever be established. expulsions from Libya. The writer said that the Arab Nation as a whole bears the Palestinians whose homeland is still occupied and have nowhere to go and the Arabs should find a way to accommodate them.

At least the arab league can help the expelled Palestinians to return to the country where they obtained travel documents enabling them to travel to libya years ago, called the writer.

It is true that Libya bears the prime responsibility for the crime against the Palestinians, but the Arab Nation and Israel bear equal responsibility towards helping settle these unfor-tunate people who have a right to be repatriated, concluded the writer.

Al Dustour discussed the ongoing events in occupied west bank town of Hebron saying that Israel's intransigent position and its procrastination are delaying the implementation of the second phase of the Oslo agreement.

The paper referred to the recent brutal practices committed by the Jewish settlers and the Israeli forces against the girl students and the Hebron residents and said that these crimes will not only delay the expansion of the Palestine self-rule but will also undermine the peace process itself.

The paper said that the implementation of the second phase is already 16 months late and Israel is still undecided about pulling out its troops and seniers fromthe Arab town and instead it is resorting to brutal force to quell the Arab protests.

The paper urged the United States, which is sponsoring the Arab-Israeli peace process, to intervene and force Israel to abide by its commitments and honour its deals with the Palestinians.

Two years have passed since the conclusion of the Oslo deal between the Palestine Liberation Organisation and Israel, but the implementation of the deal

remains deadlocked, said Mohammad Kawash in Al Dustour.

The writer said two years passed but the obstacles in the way of achleving a settlement on the ground are mounting, with the Israelis dragging their feet over the implementation of the agreement.

So far Israel has rejected Palestinian demands for releasing the Arab detainees, refused to " expand the selfrule to the other-parts of occupied Palestine and is holding on to its position vis-a-vis Jerusalem, noted the writer. He said that as long as Israel is adamant nothing can be achieved and no peace will

The second anniversary of the Oslo agreement passed on September 13 but the responsibility for the Palestinians have not been able to achieve its second phase which provides for expanding the self-rule areas to include other parts of Palestine, said Mohammad Kharroub in Al Ra'i.

What has been achieved so far is very little and new obstacles are being laid by the Israelis in the path of a settlement, like Israel's intention to keep troops in Hebron to protect the settlers there, added the writer.

He said that Israel's delay in redeploying its troops, its failure to arrange for the Palestinians to hold elections and its failure to release the detained Arabs are causing confusion and driving many Palestinians to a state of despair.

In light of these developments the different Palestinian factions ought to rally their ranks and end their petty differences and make determined efforts to help acbieve their national aspirations.

Hamadeh Faraaneh, a writer in Al Dustour, expressed the view that the mutual interests of Iraq and Jordan forced them to overcome their political differences and give pref-Frence 10 economic benefits and advantages which the two sides will reap. Referring to the projected

oil pipeline from Iraq 10 Jordan which the two countries have approved in Baghdad recently, the wnter said that the project could be instrumental in enhancing the peace between the Arabs and the Israelis if the pipeline is extended to Palestinian lands and rea-ches the Mediterranean Sea.

Indeed, the project is supported by the United States and will benefit Jordan, Iraq, Palestine and Israel because Jordan needs only 70,000 barrels a day, while the rest can find its way to world markets.

He said that it would not be surprising to see Ame-rican firms involve in fi-nancing and executing the project in

Criticising the United Nations Organisation for maintaining the embargo on Iraq, Fakhri Kawar, a wnter in Al Dustour, said that independent sources have put the number of dead children under five at 529,124 in 1994 alone. largely due to the sanctions which prevent lraq from selling oil to buy medicine and food.

The writer said that surgical operations...and..laboratory tests in the Iraqi hospitals have declined by almost 70 per cent due to the shortage of equipment and materials used in such operations. Noting that the Iraqis have carried out all U.N. Security Council resolutions, the writer said that there is no justification for the world community to

maintain the sanctions. Mohammad Ibrahim Daoud. a writer in Al Dustour, supported the idea of Parliament member Ibrahim Kilani who called on the government to adopt a national education strategy.

The writer said that the present members of the Council of Higher Edu-cation have failed to deal with the higher education question thus paving the way for the public outcry witnessed recently when the council announced the names of students accepted in state universities for the coming academic year.

He said the parliamentarian's request should be duly considered because Jordan is in urgent need of a strategy on education which should be closely linked to the development process and the requirements of the local labour market.

The writer urged the govertunent and the Ministry of Higher Education in to take practical steps to carry out this strategy which Jordan needs to face the mounting challenges in social and economic fields.

A writer in Al Ra'i discussed the ever rising cost of living in Jordan, saying that there is a big difference between figures published by the Department of Statistics and the actual figures in the market.

Jamal Naji said that while the department has been saying that the cost of living did not exceed 8.9 per cent between 1992 and 1995, the market prices speak otherwise.

The writer said that there is a big difference between the government prices as published in the daily press about basic consumer goods and the actual prices which the consumers pay.

Calling for a revision of the department's figures, the writer said that a careful analysis of the prices in the market will reveal the facts. and the government can this take steps to deal with the

LETTERS

A commitment to carry on

THE STATUS of women in Jordan is a topic that has gained importance and in fact has become the centre of many discussions. It is to be admitted, that during the past many discussions. It is to be additional distribution of the National Platform for Women, a lot has been achieved in the direction of women, a lot has been a community that is improving conditions for women in a community that is male dominated. Apparently, there is an increasing recognized the state of the conditions of the male dominated. Apparently, there is an increasing recognition and appreciation for the women, whose active presence, not only in our daily lives, but also in the decision-making circles has become a reality. Naturally, this is only the beginning of a long and tough road, a road full of obstacles and many challenges.

At a time of dramatic global change, we sometimes feel out of breath in catching up with the new realities, and find it difficult to swiftly absorb what's new in the world of politics, economics and advanced technology. On the other hand, it is appalling and shocking to learn that womeo in some parts of this modern world are still exposed to cruel

some parts of this modern world are still exposed to cruel, medieval treatment and subjected to all forms of violence and abuse in total violation of fundamental human rights.

The painful memories of atrocities committed against women in the former Yugoslavia, still give us the creeps when recalling the horrifying stories of rape camps. There, women were stripped of their identity and honour in acts of revenge. Unfortunately, history has recorded thousands of similar acts of extreme wickedness, something, mankind

definitely is not to be proud of.

The Fourth World Conference on Women, the biggest women gathering of its kind on issues concerning women. took place at a right time, at a time of social and cultural change. At this unique forum, hosting 181 countries, women spoke freely and openly, addressed and tackied problems of multiple dimensions and sought effective and rapid solutions to matters of utmost urgency.

It is with pride and satisfaction that we followed up on Jordan's participation at the conference under the leadership of H.R.H. Princess Basma. A sincere tribute goes to the Princess for her tireless and noble efforts in promoting the role and image of the Jordanian women, both on the local and international levels. Princess Basma's devotion to work for, and support the cause of women is a reflection of her sincere desire to enhance the status of all Jordanian women, by continuously encouraging full utilisation of the high potential and talent women have in store.

Addressing the assembly, Princess Basma touched upon major women issues and stressed on the importance of persistently fighting poverty and illiteracy among women, especially in our region. By removing those major obsta-cles, the doors for equal opportunities and selfassertiveness will open wide for those who are ready to take a cbance.

Women's participation in public life, does not mean, disintegration of the family unit, as many tend to believe. On the contrary, it will add a new element and flavour to harmoniously balanced family ties, and will create an atmosphere for creativity and deeper understanding of each other.

> Rumiana M. Nuseibeh Amman

A bad wine year

To the Editor:

I'VE ALWAYS wondered whether underground nuclear testing is bad for wine and if that is the reason why the French do not carry the tests on their own home soil.

The French government, in its usual diplomatic grace, has been assuring everybody, specially the Polynesians, that the tests are perfectly safe and

harmless to French wine. The Polynesians, it seems, along with the rest of the world, are somehow puzzled at the country of love, which might be falling out of love with itself.

I've heard about spicing up a relationship but atomics seems like going a bit overboard. The tests, one down six to go, are a routine check on France's nuclear deterrent capability, as if the last 200 were just mock trials. Since the tests are really

not necessary we have to assume that French politicians have caught some sort of a virus that attacks their paranoid insecurities. The symptoms of the above disease are clearly visible in French nuclear policy whereby the patient exhibits a useless show of force to no-one in particular, aiming to remind everyone that France, despite a bad wine year, is still an ambitious second pretender to a real superpower. Ironically, the biggest symptom of that disease is a

deficiency in showing any regard to world opinion. On the other hand, it may be that the French language police is behind these tests wanting to rediscover all the components of the atoms and give them proper French names instead of neutron. proton, quarks, charm or beauty.

Naturally any other reason would indicate that the French government cares about the health of its ethnic French citizens on mainland France more than its Polynesian French citizens in French Polynesia. For a nation that is a strong advocate of human and animal rights, the above reason is clearly

> Ahmad Tahbaa Amman

Silence gone to the dogs

SURPRISINGLY A week-long debate on the "environ-ment" ended by the end of last month without a mention of "noise" pollution. The environment "pollution" should be related to the "six senses". Noise pollution is very important, and, I believe, most difficult to avoid. Particularly disturbing is the barking of dogs, which are sometimes left on rooftops. Maybe it is not possible to prevent owning a dog, but there should be some rules to stop their noise and "pollution". I suggest that owners of dogs abide by the regulations that apply to contractors which state that from 7 a.m. to 7 p.m. no construction should be carried out; or the hotel regulations whereby no music should be allowed outdoors after 11 p.m. Can anyone in the Amman Municipality, or whoever responsible, consider these sug-

Ghazi Qubein

Amman

The Jordan Times welcomes letters and contributions from its readers on any subject they wish to tackle. Letters intended for publication, however, should contain the writer's full name and preferably address as well. Names can be withheld only upon request and under special circumstances. Letters are subject to editing. The newspaper is not responsible for the return of unused manuscripts.

Rise of Jewish cannibals

By Mitchell G. Bard

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REMEMBER long ago say, as far back as two years when with barely disguised glee we used to talk about the Arabs turning on each other if they ever made peace with Israel? Without hatred of Israel as a unifying force, the Arab World could be expected to disintegrate as old rivalries provoked new conflicts. And the Palestinians? Given autonomy, they

would engage in a civil war. So what has the peace process wrought? Most of the Arab states are getting along better than they ever have. It would be an overstatement to say the PLO has complete control over its rivals, but the prospects of the anticipated internecine bloodbath seem unlikely in the near future. Meanwhile, the Jews are responding to the mostly positive shifts in the region by moving towards anar-

Israel's democracy has always had a roogh-andtumble quality to it that occasionally turned nnseemly, such as politicians calling each other Nazis. Things bave grown much

worse in the last year. Yitzhak Rabin, a respected soldier and defence minister, is regularly called a traitor, and accused of ignorance of Israel's security needs. Certain rabhis issue edicts that Jews in the army should disobey orders. Civil disobedience by settlers teeters on the brink of open rebellion against the state. Citizens heap scorn (and sometimes more) on officials, and get into confrontations with the

This is a light unto the nations? A civilised democracy? The culmination of the Zionist dream?

The insanity has spilled over to the U.S. A few months ago, a minister of the Israeli government, albeit a controversial one, was physically attacked by an American Jew. Pro-Israel organisations are picketing the Israeli embassy in Washington. Armchair quarter-backs attempt to call plays affecting Israeli security from their Lazy-Boys 10,000 km.

The zealots can rationalise that their actions are only a response to the outrages of terrorists, hut that is disingenuous. Much of the behaviour has no direct relationship to Arab extremists; rather, it reflects contempt for the democra-

The attitude is typified by right-wing American Jews who have adopted the position that it's okay to attack the Israeli government publicly as long as their critic-ism is justified — a determination they alone are qualified to make.

Some Israelis are impatient with a system that will not allow them to alter the course of the elected government. They will have an opportunity a year from now to "throw the rascals out." But Mr. Rahin is creating 'facts on the ground," they whine.

ound," they whine. Where have I heard that complaint before?

Critics may justly say Mr Rabin was not elected with mandate to take all the steps he has to achieve peace with Israel's neighbours. But leaders rarely are given such clear signals, and their courage to formulate and implement policies that are not immediately popular often distinguishes statesmen from political

Even with the unease in Israel, polls do not show a counter mandate for the right's agenda. Binyamin Netanyahu's position in the polls oscillates, and the right-wing parties show no signs of winning the kind of overwhelming victory in the Knesset that the Republicans achieved in the U.S.

We are now in a free fall, descending so rapidly to-wards political and perhaps moral collapse that the trend may be irreversible. No leader who can reunite the country or restore faitb in the democratic system has appeared on the horizon. If anything, the prospect of divided government with a prime minister of one party and a Knesset majority from the opposition may accelerate the disintegra-

Has Zionism reached its zenith? Are Jews so secure we can afford to cannibalise

Perhaps during this year of celebrating the history of Jerusalem, it would be wise to reflect on what happened to our people during the last 3,000 years, when we lost our moral compass and became divided.

The writer is a foreign policy analyst in Washington, D.C. and author of The Water's Edge and Beyond: Defining the Limits to Domestic Influence on U.S. Middle East Policy. The article is reprinted from the Jerusalem Post.

Pope finds crowded spiritual market in Africa

By Nicholas Kotch

NAIROBI — Pope Joho Paul will enter an in-

creasingly crowded spiritual market-place this week when he begins his 11th visit to Africa.

The Vatican counts nearly 100 million of the continent's 700 million people as Roman Catholics.

But the ranks of other religions are swelling as fast or even faster. Islam, Protestant denominations and countless Christian-inspired sects all report that business is booming. "If you look well into an

African you will find that he is the only person in the world who knows that God is always with him," said Jose Chipenda, the general secretary of the All Africa Conference of Churches (AACC), explaining the grip of spirituality in the

With each religion claiming a rush of converts, the issue for the Vatican is perhaps less about the quantity of its followers than about the quality of their faith.

The Pope will address that subject throughout his visit to Cameroon, South Africa and Kenya from

Sept. 14-20. He cannot avoid the birth control issue in the continent which holds most of the records for the number of AIDS sufferers, child mothers and multiple pre-

But his principal mission is to proclaim the results of last year's African Synod held at the Vatican. The Synod's key message was that African Catholics must continue to Evangelise hut in ways that are adapted to the culture of their peoples

church's European roots. Yet this adaptation must oot make unacceptable coocessions to traditional animist beliefs - "rosary in the morning, witchcraft in the evening," in the words of

and no longer welded to the

"(The Pope) is coming to launch us on the work of the Evangelising mission of the church in Africa," said Father Peter Lwamioda, secretary general of the Eastern African Catholic Bishops' Conference.

"In a sense, this visit will mark the coming of age of the church in Africa," said Father Bnti Tihagele, his opposite oumber in south-

But the Vatican has a fight on its hands for the souls of the poor and the dispossessed in Africa the huge majority. Islam is growing in virtually every country, often from a tiny base. And Peotecostal sects like the Universal Church of the Kingdom of God,

By George Gedda

The Associated Press

WASHINGTON - For de-

cades. American secretaries

of state have held sump-

tuous receptions for Latin American foreign ministers

who showed up for the U.N. General Assembly in

New York each fall. This

year, Secretary of State Warren Christopher bas de-

Things are going so well for the United States in

Latin America these days that Mr. Christopher

doesn't have to pay much

attention. In 32 months in

office, he has been to the

Middle East 13 times but

has not been to Latin

America except for a total

of about 24 working hours

on one quick trip to Mexico

and two quicker trips to

cided not to bother.

which packs theatres io Mozambique's capital Maputo every week, are mushrooming.

The most common theory is that the established Christian decominations have simply moved too far from the common man.

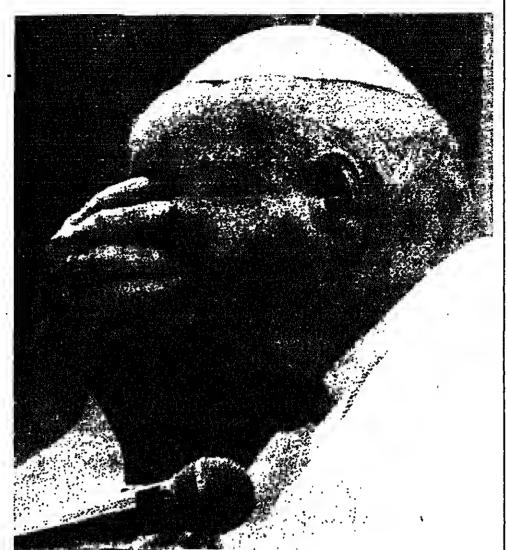
Mr. Chipenda, whose AACC does not count the Catholic church among its full members, says that the mainstream Christian churches are too identified with Africa's small elite.

"When you are in a situation where those who have money-power, idea-power, political power and Godpower seem to talk among themselves, of course the others say when are we going to have our lead-

"It is up to us oow to find out how we can offer leadership among those who are far from us," said Mr. Chipenda, an Angolan Pro-

Matthew Kukah, head of the Catholic secretariat in Nigeria, disagrees. He says Christians are experimeoting but sooo abandon the sects when promised miracles fail to mater-

"There is a lot of motion without movement. It is part of the big search because of the economic and social trauma people are going through," said Mr. Kukah,



Pope John Paul

Libya said to stop expulsions

(Continued from page 1) prices and export them to their own country," he ex-plained to the French-

language L'Orient-Le Jour. But be said the 480 Palestinians who had returned to Lebanon could be allowed back to Libya, "depending on arrangements to settle the presence of the foreign work-

Women adopt declaration

(Continued from page 1) on abortion and contracep-

Conservative Islamic countries, including Iran, Sudan and Yemen, had opposed that definition of rights. safeguard single parents or same-sex parents.

In a final blow to the hosts. Ms. Brundtland did not hesitate to embarrass China, criticising "zealous security" along with police harassment and lack of visas to many women who had wanted to attend the U.N. conference and a parallel grassroots meeting that drew more than 30,000 people to Beijing.

Of the 79 countries he has visited worldwide, Mexico and Haiti are the only

east, west — not south ones in the 33-nation Latin America-Caribbean region. No secretary of state has

made a serious visit to South America since George Shultz a week there in 1988 three months before he retired.

South America was off James Baker's global itinerary except for two four-hour visits to Colombia in 1990, neither having much to do with hemispheric policy. During his 3 years in office, he found time to go to Bishkek, capital of remote Kyrgystan, hut not to Buenos Aires, Mr. Christopher has been to Kazakhstan but not

It would seem normal for an American secretary of state to attend the annual meeting of Organisation of American States (OAS) foreign ministers. But none has shown up since the 1989 meeting, which Mr. Baker attended; lower-level officials have been dispatched

Mr. Christopher was supposed to go to the June OAS ministerial meeting in Haiti but begged off at the last minute, hurrying home from Port-au-Prince because of crises in Bosnia and the Middle East.

Well-travelled Christopher goes

Richard Holbrooke, the peripatetic assistant secretary of state for Europe and chief U.S. negotiator for Bosnia. likes to chide his colleagues in the State Department's Latin America bureau about how easy their job is compared with his. Alexander Watson, Mr. Holbrooke's counterpart for Latin America, looks rested these days; Mr. Holbrooke doesn't.

Perspectives in Washington have changed dramatically since Jean Kirkpatrick, then the U.S. ambassador to the United Nations, said a decade ago that Central America was "the most important region in the world" for the United States.

Central America earned

seen as a target for Sovietinspired intervention. With the demise of the cold war. however, Central America has reverted to the anonymity it used to have before Moscow took an interest. (Henry Kissinger once said he spent no more than three minutes on Central America during his tenure as

Success is the main reason Mr. Christopher and his predecessors have been able to delegate hemispheric policy to others. Not long ago, U.S. policy-makers could only dream of a Latin America that was all democratic, that shunned nuclear weapons, that treated dissidents with respect and that viewed Fidel Castro as an anachronism. Cuba is still in the Communist camp but, in greater or lesser degree, virtually all these wish-list items have come to

secretary of state).

Latin America is not entirely off the radar scope. Drug trafficking from the region remains a high priority. Haiti still gets close attention. President Bili Clinton played host to a hemispheric summit meeting in Miami last December and announced his commitment to a hemisphere-wide free-trade pact. Last week, he welcomed Panamanian President Ernesto Perez Balladares to the Oval

Compared with some regions, Latin America is almost smothered with U.S. attention; Mr. Christopher has yet to set foot in Sub-Saharan Africa.

The Latin country that commands the most attention is Mexico, whose president. Ernesto Zedillo, is due here in October. Mexico is a special case because it has one thing the others lack: a 2,000-mile U.S. bor-

South America need not feel completely left out. Paraguay, Uruguay, Brazil and Chile can look forward to a visit next month by Hillary Rodham Clinton.

U.N. halts strikes on Serbs

(Continued from page 1)

cautioned that said the move towards peace will fail unless world leaders help com-

batants overcome mutual dis-

The talks come at a critical

force the Serbs to end their siege of Sarajevo, helped to produce an accord last week among Bosnia's warring parties over a possible future political arrangement. Bosnian Serb leader Radovan Karadzic and military

commander Gen. Ratko Mladic went to Belgrade to sign the agreement on Sarajevo in the presence of President Slobodan Milosevic of Serbia, a U.N. statement said. Mr. Milosevic, the most powerful politician in the re-

gion and no relation to the Serb general, is negotiating for the Bosnian Serbs. Some U.N. officials have

criticised the section on heavy weapons withdrawal as too soft. Although NATO and the United Nations had originally demanded that Serbs pull back all weapons with a caliber greater than 12.7 millimetres, the deal permits Serbs to keep artillery up to 100 millimetres around the city. The concession was sure to

Section 1997 (Section 1997) be seized on by critics who will accuse the international community of blinking once again in a confrontation with The rebels seemed happy

with the deal. Momeilo Kraisnik, the top aide to Mr. Karadzic, said it was the first step towards the "just division of Sarajevo." Serbs want part of the

per control of the second of t capital and refused the onginal demand for a total heavy weapons withdrawal, saying it would leave sections of the city they hold unprotected. The government in-

sists on having all of Sarajevo. "Should the Muslims attack Serh Sarajevo, our army will have to activate its The talks come at a critical juncture in peace efforts. The NATO raids, designed to nik told SRNA, the Bosnian

> agreement, the Bosnian government was to refrain from offensives in or around NATO bombing was to be suspended for 72 hours be-

Under the terms of the

Serb news agency.

ginning Thorsday. If the Serbs renege on the accord, the airstrikes are to resume. If the Serbs comply, the airstrikes will be suspended for an additional 72 hours to permit them to finish relocating their heavy weapons.

The Serbs pulled some heavy weapons out of the Sarajevo area once before, in February 1994, in response to a NATO ultimatum. That quieted the shelling of Sarajevo for months, but when no peace plan was put in place, Serbs raided U.N. depots where their weapons were stored and took them

Mr. Holbrooke's plan would give the Sarajevo government and its Croat allies 51 per cent of Bosnia, and the Serbs, who now have about two-thirds, would get 49 per cent. There still is broad disagreement on who gets what

Government forces and allied Croats advanced rapidly in western Bosnia this week, capturing several towns that likely would be given to them in a peace deal. Croanan and Bosnian media reported the two armies linking up Friday at Ostrelj, near

Bosanski Petrovac. Serbs, realising they will have to give up some land, may be arrest.

making tactical withdrawals

instead of fighting for the Meanwhile an estimated 90,000 Serbs have beer forced to flee their homes across Bosnia as their soldiers

retreat, international relief

workers said.

Serb authorities were scrambling to accommodate the tide of refugees and issued desperate, unprecedented appeals for aid to the United Narions, they Many Serb civilians suspect

the military reversals are part of a secret plan by Bosnian Serb leaders to give up terri-tory they will have to cede under the peace agreement, preferring to portray the los-ses as forced by battle.

Arafat, Peres (Continued from page 1)

Mr. Peres said Hebron remained the toughest issue. "Finding a solution for the situation in Hebron is like making eggs from an omlette," the Maariv daily quoted him as saying. In Friday's clashes, hun-

dreds of Palestinians chanting 'Settlers out" and "Allahu Akbar" hurled stones at soldiers in hit-and-run battles in downtown Hebron. Troops fired several bullets

in the air and wielded their clubs, but otherwise showed unusual restraint. They apparently were under orders to prevent casualties during a sensitive stage in the Israel-PLO negotiations. In one incident, soldiers

ministry to remove a Palestinian flag. In another confrontation, a dozen soldiers surrounded Alia Hospital in downtown Hebron after stone throwers ran into the huilding to avoid

were showered with rocks as

they climbed onto the roof of

the Palestinian economics

support for peace process is eroding NEW YORK (AP) — Two Mr. Singer said that survey years after Israel signed its showed fewer than half of

American Jews'

historic treaty with Palestioew survey. The survey, released Tues-

day by the American Jewish Committee (AJC), found that American Jews still endorse the Sept. 13, 1993, pact by an overwhelming 92 per cent. But their support for Israel's policies has dropped from 84 per cent just after the pact was signed 10 77 per cent a year ago and 68 per cent

David Harris, the AJC's executive director, said he saw nothing ominous in the two-year downward trend since the signing on the White House lawn atteoded by Israeli leaders and Palestinian chief Yasser Arafat. But he said the poll findings constitute a "wake-up call" to Israel to explain its actions in the peace process to the people who are among its most fervent hackers.

At a news conference, Mr. Harris and AJC research director David Singer also disclosed results of a second poll that found that while most Americao Jews profess to "feel close" to Israel, only a third have ever been there and many lack "basic factual knowledge" of the Jewish

American Jews know details nian leaders, American Jew- of Israel's creation in 1948. ish support is eroding for and two-thirds do not know it Israel's role in ongoing peace acquired the West Bank terrinegotiations, according to a tories in the 1967 war with Arabs, "eveo though most were alive at the fime." "These fiodings are sur-

prising and disappointing. very disappointing from a Jewish educational point of view," Mr. Singer said.

Mr. Singer said the poll found that paradoxically. American Jews who identify themselves as "very close to Israel" are also most likely to be critical of its government's peace efforts.

That is particularly true among orthodox Jews, who make up eight per cent of American Jewry, yet 76 per cent of those who visit Israel. A sizeable majority, 64 per

cent, of orthodox Jews actually oppose the peace efforts by Prime Minister Yitzhak Rabin's government, compared to 31 who support it. Among conservative, retorm and "just Jewish" categories, support for Mr. Rabin's policies ranges heavily the other way, from 77 to 57 per cent.

The two surveys, by Market Facts Inc., polled a demographically balanced sample of I,000 American Jews by telephone last month. It had an error margin of three points plus or minus.



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Jordan Parliament passes pro-foreign investor law

JORDAN

TELECOMMUNICATIONS

CORPORATION ("TCC")

US \$ 50 MILLION BONDS

DUE 2002

ANZ Grindlays Bank Plc

Joint Lead Manager

By Suleiman Al Khalidi Reuter

AMMAN -- Jordan's Parliament has approved a key liberal investment law that lifts restrictions on foreign ownership and is aimed at enhancing its ability to attract

foreign capital. 'The law will get the confidence of the foreign investors to invest in Jordan, it will create the proper climate in which to attract foreign investment." Finance Minister Basel Jardaneh told Reuters after the law was passed in the Lower House of Parlia-

It was opposed by the Isla-

mic opposition who called for a 49 per cent limit on foreign ownership, fearing domination of Jordan's economy by

Israeli investors. Under the law, the cabinet will be empowered through a bylaw to ease foreign ownership rules and set flexible

"It will be a very liberal bylaw and the spirit of the bylaws is that foreign and domestic investors will be treated equally with no discri-mination," Mr. Jardaneh

He said that although some

scope of foreign ownership would be widened substan-

The bylaw is expected to be passed by the cabinet before a regional economic summit in Amman in late October that will focus on investment opportunities in the Middle East in a new era of peace.

Previous laws differentiated between a Jordanian. non-Arab, and Arab investor, with a 49 per cent limit for non-Arab ownership in public firms, though 100 per cent stakes are allowed in

The law sets up an invest-

tral role in creating the right investment climate" and guarantees international arbitration of disputes.

It states "a non-Jordanian investor can repatriate his foreign capital... and what he has gained in profits or the liquidation or sale of his project or stock without delay and in convertible currency.

New procedures will be introduced aimed at easing red tape and bureaucracy, with investors no longer needing government committee approval of projects or investment in the stock market, a constant complaint of inves-

cent in priority areas such as The law is part of a package of legislation that inmining, industry, hotels and cludes a new tax law that hospitals. reduces income taxes but

Tax on banks, financial, insurance and brokerage firms was cut to 35 per cent from 50 per cent. Other firms will have taxes lowered from 40 per cent to 25 per cent.

Jordanian-German industrialists discuss projects, cooperation

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

from the most industrialised region of Germany and Jordanian businessmeo Thursday exchanged views on how best they could cooperate aod sought common ground for possible joint ventures. licensing arrangements and transfer of technology.

offsets a 60 million dinar (\$84

million) fall in state revenue

by raising a sales tax on con-

sumption to 10 per cent.

"Jordan was the best fruitful of our current Middle East visit," said Klaus Ferdinand, head of a visiting 15member delegation from Stuttgart, said after the talks at the Amman Chamber of

"This was an exploratory visit, and members of my delegation tell me they are very optimistic after the talks here," added Mr. Ferdinaod, whose team visited Israel and the Palestinian territories before arriving in Jordan. The

team flew out Friday. Mr. Ferdinand, managing director of the Stuttgartbased Baden Wurttemberg Agency for International Economic Cooperation, said "all aspects of possible cooperation" — including export/ import, licensing agreements, ioint ventures and setting up fully German-owned companies in Jordan — were discussed.

It was too early to determine specific projects, but several strong possibilities were reviewed and agreed upon, Amman Chamber of

Industry officials said. Mr. Ferdinand described Thursday's meeting as "most effective" in that the Amman Chamber of Industry had identified Jordanian industrialists interested in specific areas of production and technology and arranged for per-sonal contacts. "We have organised and attended more than 200 conferences, and I could say without any doubt that the Amman meeting was the best organised and pro-

ductive. The meeting was held in line with an agreement that the Amman Chamber of Industry and the Baden-Wurttemberg Agency for International Cooperation

signed last year. According to Mr. Ferdinand, Baden-Wurtemberg is tbe "most industrialised among the 16 federal states of Germany," and there is immense potential for Jordanian-German industrial cooperation.
"Members of my delega-

(Continued on page 9)

THE BETTER HALF By Glasbergen You want me to This magazine says break up with you you should treat me and start dating less like a wife and more like a girlfriend. your sister?

World Bank asks donor countries to meet promises

BELIING (R) — The president of the World Bank appealed to donor countries Friday to honour their commitments to the bank's softloan facility, saying failure to do so would be a terrible blow to women.

Failure by donor countries to come up with the money would jeopardise a World Bank plan to spend hundreds of millions of dollars on education for women in the next five years, James Wol-fensohn told the United Nations Fourth World Conference on Women.

The bank's International Development Association (IDA) lends money at favourable rates to the world's poorest nations, whose average per capita in-come is less than \$600 per

year.
"I am deeply concerned that IDA's capacity to help women risks being eroded by the possible failure of some countries to honour their commitments to its replenisbment," be said.

Rich countries that sought to cut appropriations to the IDA were hurting the world's poorest women. He did not name any country.

"A failure to influence the donors to continue IDA at historic levels will be a terrible blow to the achievement of our practical objectives."

Contingent on an adequate IDA replenishment, the bank

JUMUBILE.

education lending by 20 per cent to \$2.5 billion over the next five years, with \$1.5 billion a year going to primary and secondary education, he said.

Of this amount, 60 per cent. or \$900 million a year, will go to education of girls,

he added. Mr. Wolfensohn said he. had been impressed by micro-credit programmes in Bangladesh that had enabled poor women, with loans of as little as \$100, to help their families escape poverty within five years.

With other partners, the bank had recently set up a new micro-enterprise facility of \$200 million to provide small loans to poor women entrepreneurs, with the aim of helping nearly eight million women over 10 years, he

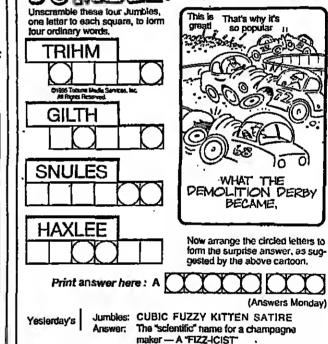
The bank was lending an average of \$5 billion a year for projects that include measures specifically to strengthen the role of women in development and could do a lot more, he said.

At a news conference, Mr. Wolfensobn was asked to comment on a report in the Financial Times newspaper that the bank had proposed an \$11 billion international trust fund to help relieve the debt burden of the world's poorest nations.

(Continued on page 9)

THAT SCRAMBLED WORD GAME

by Henri Arnold and Mike Argiric



HOROSCOPE

FORECAST FOR SATUR-DAY 16, 1995

ARIES: (March 21 to April 19) Get some uncompleted tasks finished this morning, and then you can enjoy something new in the evening for you to have some

TAURUS: (April 20 to May 20) You have to deal with something difficult this morning. Maintain your cool if partners are recalcit-

GEMINI: (May 21 to June 21) You have many tasks to complete this marning, but later today get off to be with good triends and have fun.

MOON CHILDREN: (June 22 to July 21) The daytime is best for recreation you like, and this evening is fine for taking core of duties at hand.

There is much to be completed at home today, so get right at it, then later tonight you can enjoy recreation you like. VIRGO: (August 22 to September 22) Be sure to count your change while our shopping, and don't drop any hundles on the way home. Drive with care while

LEO: (July 22 to August 21)

on the highway. LIBRA: (September 23 to October 22) Take care you do not invest unwisely during today. Drive with care if you go no see

SCORPIO: (October 23 to November 211 Place your energies on gaining personal wishes during today. Later, you get a line idea on becoming financially successful.

SAGITTARIUS: (November 22 to December 211 Analyse your progress and know how to proceed today for more success in your chosen career. Later innight try to gain your intimate CAPRICORN: | December 22 to

January 2011 Make better arrangements with pals so that you gain your most cherished aims. Don't neglect shopping. AQUARIUS: 1January 21 to February 19) Some worldly mutter requires tace to handle properly today, so give it just that. Enjoy the company of good

PISCES: (February 21 to March 20) Study into every facet of that new project you want to take. and later today take care of

THE Daily Crossword by Florence C. Adler

1 Indian prince

5 Name in violins 10 Wren or hen 14 Type of exam

15 Punctuation mark 16 — ben Adhem 17 Corruption 18 Brisbane's state

20 Moose 21 Melody 22 Pound and Stone

23 Shun 25 Gumbo 27 Occupant 29 Utster

33 Native of Ourn 34 Thomy 35 One: Fr 36 Record

38 Recipe word

39 Devoured 40 "- of Two Cilies" 41 Natatoriums 42 Bouquets 44 Java

45 Willie of

baseball 46 Inexpensive 47 Spol 50 Jog 51 Once around the

track 54 Legendary sovereign 57 Medieval war club

58 Take - leave it 59 Eat away 60 U.S. satellile 61 Not any 62 Begets 63 Adolescent

DOWN 1 Wander at random 2 Seed covering 3 Upstart

4 Sloul 5 Absolve

7 Nautical word

38 Divan 40 Capital ol Guam 48 Josip Broz

woman 32 Succinct 34 Overwhelms, as with laughler 37 Remain

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8 Digit

9 Traveter's

stopover

11 Construction

piece

12 Columnist

Barrett

13 Lemons

10 French novelist

19 Crowd together

21 Singer Tennille

24 Weathercock

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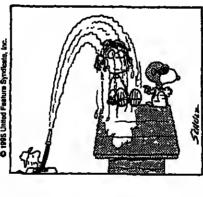
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Al Salt municipality unable to pay staff salaries

☆☆ THE SALT municipal council recommended to the minister of municipal and rural affairs the suspension of the 161 employees who were employed at the municipality from the beginning of this year. The council was forced to make the recommendation as the municipality was 100 per cent in financial deficit. The head of the municipality said the council had to borrow money to pay the staff for July and August but cannot continue to horrow to pay the salaries of excess staff who were appointed haphazardly under different pretexts and considerations (Al

☆☆ OWNERS OF public restaurants have sought their association's intervention with the Ministry of Supply to reconsider the prices which are no longer covering the costs of hommos and other products. Consumers have recently noticed that public restaurants are serving hommos of lower quality in order to keep selling at the fixed price of 250 fils a plate. Other restauranteurs resorted to increase prices in violation of the ministry's instructions. to compensate for higher prices of raw material and ingredients. For example, the price of tahineh has gone up from JD 0.600 per kilogram-me to JD 1:450 and the international price of sesame had risen from JD 600 per tonne to JD 1,100 per tonne. The price of chickpeas had gone

☆☆ JORDANIAN AND Palestinian businessmen are contemplating the establishment of the first joint Jordanian-Palestinian company in the agricultural sector. The capital is proposed to be JD 5 million equally divided between the two sides. There has been no agreement yet on the location of the company but it will have two main branches in Jordan and Palestine in addinon to a permanent office in Europe. The main objective of the company is to market Jordanian and Palestinian produce in Arab countries and Europe (Al Dustour).

up from JD 450 per tonne to

JD 1,050 per tonne (Al Ra'i).

** A NUMBER of companies and businessmen from Jordan and the West Bank have completed procedures required to set up a public shareholding company, to be known as the Golden Wheat Mills Company, with a JD 7 million capital. According to Nabil Rahah, head of the founding committee. the mills will have a production capacity of 300 tonnes a day in the first stage with the possibility of increasing it to 450 tonnes per day. Mr. Rabah said the founders have covered 50 per cent of the capital and the remaining amount will be floated within the coming few weeks for public subscription. He added that all studies and research related to the project have been completed and licences have been obtained to implement the project which is expected to start production in late 1996. Among the investors in the project are the Housing Bank, the Union Bank for Saving and Investment, the Union Financial Investments Company and the Arab Investors Company.

☆☆ RAJAB AL Saad. general manager of the 1ndustnal Development Bank. has been elected chairman of the National Petroleum Company, which has been officially registered with a JD 20 million capital. The company is now in the process of acquiring the assets of the petroleum department at the Natural Resources Authority and transferring the technical cadres. The assets of the deparmtent have been valued at JD 15 million and were considered as in-kind contribution to the capital. (Al Aswaq).

Industrialists discuss ties with Germans

(Continued from page 8)

tion represent small- and medium-sized companies which are keen to launch operations in the Middle East, and they feel that Jor-dan could be an ideal place to start," said Mr. Ferdinand.

He affirmed that the outlook was not limited to the Jordanian market, but includes Israel and the Palestinian territories as well as Iraq at a later stage.

Mr. Ferdinand said that the delegation found that Jordan had all the advantages over Israel - where start-up and production costs are high - and the Palestinian territories — which lack infrastructure.

"We are not discussing big projects," said Mr. Ferdi-nand. "We are focusing on small- and medium-size projects where German technology, equipment and experience could be used to help Jordanians."

Possibilities are also there of German capital investments in joint ventures, "but these need close discussions between the partners concerned" over financing arrangements and the nature of the venture, he added.

Bank tells donors to provide funds

(Continued from page 8)

He said the report was based on the leak of a staff discussion document and did not represent official policy, which was still at the drafting

The bank needed to have a clear policy on the debt issue, he said, adding that he did; not know when such a pobcy might be announced.

Asked about effects of World Bank-mandated structural adjustment policies on Africans, he said it was inaccurate to blame the bank for every problem of Africa and said it was important to have a sound macroeconomic framework.

"I am sure we have made many mistakes," he said. adding that development was difficult and the bank was ready to work with those inside and outside government to improve its work,

Turnover up, prices steady at AFM

By a Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN — Turnover went up this week at the Amman Financial Market (AFM) but prices held largely steady despite efforts by speculators to hike them after Parliament endorsed an income tax law and a liberal investment law, brokers said Thursday.

"Investors had already taken positions ahead of the endorsement of the draft laws and amendments and, as a result, prices could be held firm during the week," said an AFM broker. "The increase in turnover was largely a result of investors switching positions with little effect on the positions."

The weekly AFM report said total volume for the week was 10.5 milbon dinars (\$14.45 million) up 150 per cent from the previous week's 4.2 million dinars (\$5.83 million).

The official AFM index based on 60 of the 120 companies listed in the market

closed at 156.1 points, down 0.3 per cent or 0.2 per cent from the week's opening.

Average daily trading was 2.1 million dinars (\$2.9 million), compared with the previous week's 800,000 dinars (\$1.11 million).

Industrials accounted for the bulk of the trading with a volume of 4.8 million dinars for the week (\$6.67 million), or 45.7 per cent, followed by commercial banks with 3.4 million dinars or 33.4 per cent, the services sector with

2.1 million dinars (\$2.91 mil- and seven remaining unlion), or 22 per cent, and insurance stocks with 200,000 dinars or 1.9 per cent.

Separate sector indices showed that services sector shares gained 0.9 per cent, while insurance lost 0.9 per cent, industrials slipped by

0.4 per cent and commercial banks by 0.2 per cent. The AFM report said stocks of 93 companies were involved in the week's tradining, with 43 companies closing with gains, 43 with losses

changed.

Brokers, who cannot be identified by name under standing market regulations, said the market had performed well during the week after investors were assured that there was no break in Jordanian-Iraq trade and economic links after the Aug. g defection to Jordan of a high-ranking Iraqi official and Jordan's decision to

grant him asylum. "The focus was strictly on local factors this week, after

Parliament endorsed the income tax law, which drops a 15 per cent capital tax on profits made at the AFM, the investment law, which offers high incentives for capital in-

vestments," said a broker.
Dozens of companies are poised to announce new ventures and capital increases after the endorsement of the new laws.

Brokers expected prices and turnover to go up next week after the formal announcements of new issues by established companies.

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CREAKIZED MARKET TRADING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD (09/09/1995 · 13/09/1995)

. WEEKLY RE	PORT			
CORPARY'S NAME	DRIDART	PREV.	OPENING	CLOSIN
ACCURAGE AND ADDRESS OF THE PARTY OF THE PAR	YOTATHE	Closing Price	PRICE '	PRICE
ARAB BARX PIC				
JORDAN NATIONAL BANK		228.000		
BARK OF JORDAN	•	4.500		
MIDULE EAST THVESTMENT HANK.	94,860		3.400	
INDUSTRIAL DEVELOPMENT BANK	49,223	1.160 2.500		
THE HOUSING BANK		5.700		
JORDAN KUMAIT RANK		2.770		•
JORDAN GULF BANK		1,170		,
ARAB JORDAN INVESTMENT BANK		3.800		
JORDAN ISLANIC DAME	60,403			
UNION BARK FOR SAYING 4 INVESTMENT	•	4.050		
Business Rank	62,520			
JORDAN INVESTMENT & FINANCE BANK	19,454		•	
BEIT FINAL SAVINGLINVESTMENT FOR HOUSING	12,174			
Annah hank for investment	136,128			
arab banking corporation/jordan	6,741	5.400	5.400	5.30
PHILADELPHIA INVESTMENT BANK.	1,395,266			
			~~~~	
BANKS SECTOR		3353485		
		CHANGE		
HELE	MP416 1			
JORDAN INSURANCE	4,340			3.30
arabiah seas insurance		1.920		
GENERAL ARARYA INSURANCE	12,710			
JORDAN FRENCH INSURANCE		2,600		
ARAB LIFE 4 ACCIDENT INSURANCE		2.600		
Jordan Gulp Linsurance,	1,540			
INSURANCE SECTOR		208009 CHANGE		
		-		
Jordanian Electric Power	453,224			-
JORDAN HOTEL & TOURISH		8.300		
JORDAN NIMEH MINERAL	500			
VINICLES OWNERS PEDERATION ARAB INTERNATIONAL MOTELS	28,040	7.000 5.600		
JORDAN WATTUNAL SHIPPING LINES!	5,514	2,120		
MATIONAL PORTFOLIO SECURITIES REAL SSTATE INVESTMENT		1.000		
JORDAN INTERNATIONAL TRADING CENTER	6,175			
HACHIRARY EQUIP. SENTING & HAIRTENANCE	20,121	9.950		
DORDAM PRESS FOUNDATION / ALRA'I UNITED HIDDLE TAST & COMMODORE HOTELS		2.340		
ARAB INTER. FOR INVESTMENT & EDUCATION	5\$,231		3.170	
- LAST MARKET AND	70 417	4 750	1 756	1 27
COMMENTATE DELYESTIE	13,811	14330	- 15-11-04	
SERVICES SECTOR		2615194		
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ATTANQUED CONST. NATERIAL MANUPACTURISM.	•			
THE JORDAN CEMENT PACTORIES		3.480		
JOHDAN PROSPHATE RIVES		3.010		
THE ARAB POTASK	-	4.950		
JORDAN PETROLEUN REFINARY		9.390		
WOOLEN INDUSTRIES		1.550		
THE INDUSTRIAL CUMMERCIAL & AGRICULTURAL	12,681	3.100	3.100	3.16

THE JORDAN WORSTED HILLS	13,855	7.550	7.550	7,400
ARAB PHARKACEUTICAL HANUFACTURING	1,110,446			
JORDAN CERANIC INDUSTRIES		5.900		
YITAG NAGROE	2,396	2.500	2.500	
THE JORDAN PIPER HANUFACTURING		2.560	2.560	2.530
SPINNING 4 WEAVING	176,470	1.910	1.910	1.850
RAFIA INDUSTRIES	12, 171	2.290	2.290	2.300
DAR AL DAWA DEVELOPMENT & INVESTMENT	170,178	7.500	7.500	7,450
ARAB ALUMINIUM INDUSTRY	18,315	5.450	5.450	5.200
LIVESTOCK & POULTRY	832,330	0.5/0	U.570	
ARAM PAPER CONVERTING & TRADING	175,306	1.380	1.320	
MATIONAL STEEL INDUSTRY	5,990	2.460	2.460	2.350
AATIONAL INDUSTRIES	223,172	1,010	1.010	1.160
INTERMEDIATE PETRO-CHENICAL INDUSTRIES	13.917	1.950	1.950	1,920
JORDAN ROCKWOOL THOUSTHIES	5,597	1.140	1.140	1.120
UNIVERSAL CHEMICAL INDUSTRIES	1,675	3.500	3.50G	3.350
ALADDIN INDUSTRIES	2,175	4.360	4.360	4.250
JORDAN WOOD INDUSTRIES / JUICO	1,026	5.400	5.400	5.130
NATIONAL CABLE & WIFE MANUFACTURING	4,875	4.450	4.450	6.460
JORDAN SULPHO-CHEMICALS	7,437	1,530	1.533	1.470
ARAB CENTER FOR PHARM, & CHEMICALS	16,551	2.170	7.170	2.140
KAWTHER INVESTMENT	29,704	1.650	1.650	1.760
UNIVERSAL HODERN INDUSTRIES	49,472	3.260	3.260	3.250
JORDAN INDUSTRIAL RESOURCES CO.	282,213	2.0 10	2.030	2.040
JORDAN NEW CABLE COMPANY	<b>97,476</b>	1.670	1.670	1.680
INTERNATIONAL TORACCU & CIGARETTES	63,074	1.380	1.363	1.390
UNION CHEMICAL & VEGATIABLE OIT. INDUSTRI	6,151	2-060	2.060	2,100
INDUSTRIAL SECTOR		4394589		
		CHANGE		
GRAND TOTAL		9571276		

PARALLEL MARKET THAULING ACTIVITY FOR THE PERIOD (09/09/1995 - 13/09/1995) WEERLY REPORT

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COMPANY'S HAME	TRADING	PREV.	DPENING	CLOSING
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CENTRAL GENERAL TRADING L STURAGE	6,401	0.890	OCH.O	0.790
JORDAN TRADE FACILITIES	132,985	D.770	0.770	O.RUG
UNIFIED CO. FOR UNGANIZING LAND TRANS.	13,740	2,250	2.250	2.300
ARAD FIR 1NV.CO	270,040	1.090	1.090	1.180
DRION INVESTMENT CORP. 50%	92,742	0.930	0.530	0.960
arab food 4 Heolgai Appliances	30,560	0.900	0.900	0.950
APAB INVESTMENT & INERNATIONAL TRAITE	17,522	0,720	0.720	0.700
JORDAN INDUSTRIES & MATCH/JIHCU	10,674	0.530	u.#30	0.530
MATIONAL CHLORING INDUSTRIES CO.LTD	65,335	1.730	1.730	1,770
MATIONAL TEXTILE & PLASTICS 1KD. CO	56,264	1.000	1.000	1.170
MAYEAK DIES & HOULDS	1,556	0.880	0.880	0.910
MI-INY READY WEAR MANUFACTURING CO.	13,239	2.130	2,130	2,160
MID PHANKA	7,693	0.930	0.930	0.910
JORDAN STEEL	64,712	0.990	0.350	1.000
ARAB ELECTRIC INDUSTRIES	3,150	0.810	Ø. H10	0.790
TORACCO	35,137	1.650	1,650	1.600
MAEL PHARMACEUTICALS	4,195	0.840	0.840	0.870
INDUSTRIES ENGINEERING	25,981	0.770	0.770	0.820
INDUSTRIAL CERAMIC	18,928	1,300	1.700	1,280
1.TEXTILE MANUFACTURER	1,401	0.740	0.760	0.740
PEARL SANITARY PAPER CONVERTING	22,8/1	0.840	0.940	0.920
MATIONAL POULTRY 50%	61,590			
GRAND TOTAL		506122		

**Financial** Markets

Jogdan Thnes Cairo Amman Bank



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Currency	Bid .	Offer
U.S. Dellar	0.7160	0.7120
Sterling Pound	1.1043	1.1/38
Deutsche Mark	0,4795	0.4819
Swiss Franc	0.5877	0.5906
French Franc	0.1396	0.1403
Japanese Yea"	0.6930	0-6965
Dutch Guilder	0.4286	0.4307
Swedish Kronz	27424	4***
Italian Lira*	0.0444	0.0446
Belgian Franc	10040	*****

Other Currencies	Date: 14/9/1995			
Carrency	Did	Offer		
Bahraha Dinar	1.2830	1.8955		
Lebancse Lire®	0.042600	0.044500		
Saudi Riyal	0.1904	0.1920		
Kewaiti Dinar	Z.2950	2.3355		
Qatari Riyal	0.1954	0.1967		
Egyptism Pound	0.2000	0.2160		
Omani Riyal	1.8505	1.8590		
UAE Dirham	0.1943	0.1953		
Greek Drachma®	0.2925	0.3350		
Cypriot Pound	1.5325	1.6125		

#### LONDON EXCHANGE RATES

LONDON (R) — Following are the buying and selling rates for leading world currencies and gold against the foreign exchange and

Canadian dollar

Deutschemarks

**Dutch** guilders

Belgian francs

French francs

Japanese ven

Swedish crowns

Danish crowns

Norwegian crowns

Italian lire

Swiss francs

dollar at midsession on the London bullion markets Friday.			
One U.S. dollar	1.3634/44		
	1.4906/16		
	1.6698/08		
	1.2148/58		
	30.66/70		
	5.1358/08		
	1614.4/5.4		
	103.52/62		
	7.1570/70		
	6.5050/00		
	5.7730/80		

One ounce of gold \$385.20/385.70

One sterling

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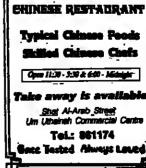
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# Anand presses hard, but 3rd game ends in deadlock

parov fought off a fierce attack Thursday from Viswanathan Anand in the third game of their championship match, leaving the challenger to concede a draw after 36

It was the third consecutive deadlock in the 20-game Professional Chess Association Championship, leaving the score tied (I to I). A half point is awarded to each player for a drawer.

Kasparov, playing black, was on the defensive throughout the game as Anand pressed hard to capture the first victory. Indeed many experts said Anand playing with the advantage of the white pieces, may have missed a winning sequence to rip open Kasparov's defences on the 20th move.

"It was very dangerous." Kasparov told reporters after the game, which lasted just over three hours. "It was not easy today.

Australian grandmaster lan Rogers said: "Anand missed a great chance."

The opening of the game mirrored their first encounter Monday, until Anand broke away on move 12 and manoeuvred his queen to attack Kasparov's king.

By move 19, Anand broke open the centre, but after missing his opportunity Kasparov was able to trade off Anand's dangerous pieces and reach a draw.

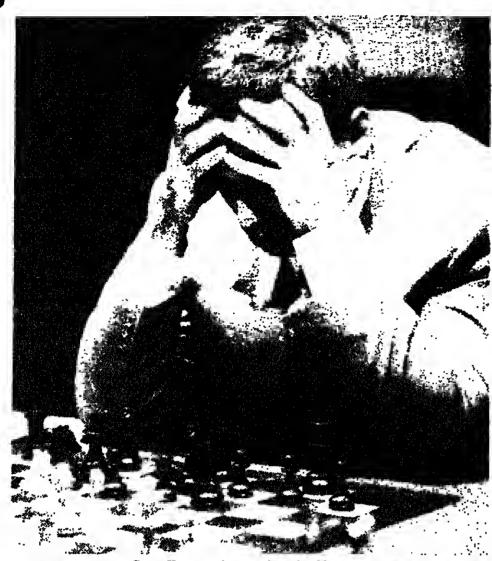
Kasparov, 32, of Russia, is favoured to retain the title he has held since 1985. But he said he wasn't too surprised by the even start to the match with the 25-year-old Anand, of India.

"It will be a very tough and long match. It's just the be-

ginning," Kasparov said.
Asked whether the three consecutive draws would cause the public to lose in-

underwater life, entitled

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Championship against India's Viswanathan World chess champion Garry Kasparov from Anand (AFP photo) Russia holds his head in his hands as he contemplates a move in the World Cbess

terest in the five-week match, Kasparov referred to the recent blink-of-an-eye boxing match between Mike Tyson

and Peter McNeeley.
"It's better to make three draws than to finish a match in 89 seconds," Kasparov said, referring to Tyson's swift knockout.

Danish international Mas-

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 $\mathbf{BY}$ 

JULIA REINHOLT

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ter Bjarke Christensen said Kasparov had thus far shown no superiority over Anand. The games stand in contrast to Kasparov's last title -defence against British grand-master Nigel Short in London in 1993, when Kasparov blew his opponent away with three

But against Anand, "it looks like a match between players; Christensen

victories in the first four

games and Short never reco-

Game four was scheduled for Friday.

The games are played in a specially designed soundproof booth on the 107th floor of the World Trade

The championship employs a best-of-20 game format, with the winner being the first player to get 10.5 points, a win scores a full point.

In the event of a 10-10 tie, Kasparov retains his title. The winner gets \$1 million, the loser \$500,000.

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### European soccer teams back to the 'bread and butter'

elite clubs return to the bread-and-butter business of domestic football this weekend — and in Germany several teams will be eager to erase the memory of midweek humiliation.

Bayern Munich, who crashed to a shock 1-0 defeat at home against unrated Lokomotive Moscow in the UEFA Cup on Tuesday. hope to put the result behind them when they face Kaiserslautern away.

The German pacesetters. who have made a dream start to the league season scoring fifteen and conceding only four goals in their five consecutive victories, are currently five points clear of closest rivals Moenchenglad-

Against Kaiserslautern, who lost their UEFA Cup first-leg away to Slovan Bratislava. Bayern will again be without Jean-Pierre Papin. The French striker, absent against Lokomotive Moscow, has been given compassionate leave by the club to accompany his five-year-old daughter Émily to New York where she is to receive special

medical treatment. Borussia Dortmund, outclassed 3-1 at home in the Champions' League by Itaian opponents Juventus, will be hoping for a better showing in front of their fans when they play Stuttgart on Saturday. Last year's German Champions have made a dull start to the season with only two victories from their five

Friburg, who lost their home UEFA Cup match against Slavia Prague 2-1 and who are struggling at the foot of the table with only one win so far, look to have another tough match ahead of them when they face Werder Bre-

In Italy Juventus, Lazio and AC Milan look to protect 100 per cent records.

Juventus, with eight goals in their two matches and with captain Gianluca Vialli displaying some of his best form in: moths, start hot favourites for another big win when they play hosts to Vicence.

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ANNONCE

A L'OCCASION DE SA VISITE EN JORDANIE, LE MINISTRE DES AFFAIRES ETRANGERES, M. HERVE DE CHARETTE, RECEVRA LA

COMMUNAUTE FRANÇAISE À LA RESIDENCE DE

FRANCE, 35 ZAHRAN STREET, DJEBEL AMMAN, LE LUNDI 18 SEPTEMBRE 1995 DE 19H00

LES RESSORTISSANTS FRANÇAIS RESIDANT

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ment in bringing quicksilver Liberian frontrunner Georges Weah from Paris St. Germain is paying handsome dividends, will get Sunday's star billing in a tough away fixture at AS Rome.

Lazio are also away to Bari who will be looking for their first success of the season. In Spain, something, will have to give when Athletic Bilbao face Atletico Madrid. Both clubs top the table after winning both of their opening matches and Saturday's clash

> two sides have scored fourteen goals between them. Athletic Bilbao, 2-1 winners when they played an over-complacent Real Mad-rid away last weekend, will be hoping Ciganda and Echeverria can again be on target in front of their home

is rich in promise. So far the

Elsewhere Espanol. 4-1

away winners against Tenerife last time out, are at home to Albacete. In France, pacesetters

Paris St. Germain. made to look awkward and ordinary despite a 3-2 win over Norwegian minnows FK Molde in a first-leg European Cup winners Cup clash on Thursday, will again be without injured international goalkeeper Bernard Lama when they face Montpellier away on Sunday.

Nantes, who produced a plucky goalless draw at home in the Champions League against FC Porto, have had to remodel their defence for a

home match against Guing-amp on Saturday.

Manager Jean-Claude
Suaudeau, who has had to
rule out Eddy Capron (injury) and Benoit Cauet and Laurent Guyot (suspension). is expected to welcome back Jean-Michel Ferri and Reynald Pedros.

European Cup Winners results

Celtie (Scotland)-Dynamo Batumi (Georgia) 3-2 Dynamo Moscow (Russia)-Ararat (Armenia) 3-1 Parma (Italy)-FC Teuta Duresi (Albania) 2-0 Hradec Kralove (Czecb Republic)-FC Copenhagen 5-0 Lokomotive Sofia (Bulgaria)-Halmstads BK (Sweden) 3-1 Real Zaragoa (Spin)-Inter Bratislava (Slovakia) 2-0 Feyenoord (Netherlands)-Dag Liepaja (Latvia) 7-0 Deportivo Coruna (Spain)-Apoel (Nicosia) 0-0 AEK Athens (Greece)-Sion (Switzerland) 2-0 Zalgiris Vilnius (Lithnania)-Trabzonspor (Turkey) 2-2 Club Brugge (Belgium)-Shaktyor Donetsk (Ukraine) 1-0 Rapid Vienna (Austria)-Petrolul Ploiesti (Romania) 3-1 Borussia Moenchengladbacb (Germany)-Sileks Kratovo (Macedonia) 3-0

Paris St. Germain (France)-Molde FK (Norway) 3-2 Sporting Lisbon (Portugal)-Maccabi Haifa (Israel) 4-0 Everton (England)-Reykjavik (Iceland) 3-2 Lens (France)-Avenir Beggen (Luxembourg) 6-0 Bordeaux (France)-Vardar (Macedonia) 2-0

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- seven feature films and three documentaries daily at 5 p.m. and 8 p.m. see program under "What's going on'

**ROYAL CULTURAL CENTRE** 

- performance "An evening with Dimitri, the lovable clown" September 20th, at 8p.m.
- Exhibition "Swiss Photographers from 1840 until today".
- Exhibition "Face to Face with Switzerland".

A Swiss Gourmet Week is also going on at Rozena Restaurant (near 2nd circle).

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### **Trainer** Pease poised for

PARIS (R) — French-based trainer Jonathan Pease has some smart two-year-olds and both with Fascination and Titus Livius contest the group one Prix de La Balamandre at Longchamp on Sunday with first rate

Salamandre

With Fascination created a big impression when running away with the group three Prix de Cabourg at Deauvile in August and subsequently started favourite to win the Group One Prix Morny later that month.

She failed to cope with British-trained Colt Tagula but lost no merit in defeat and the extra furlong (200 metres) of the 1.4 km Salamandre test should suit the American-owned filly.

Titus Livius followed up his Deauville debut third by romping home by four lengths in the group three Prix d'Arenberg at Chantilly earlier this month and is clearly improving.

English opposition is spearheaded by Peter Chapple-Hyam's Phoenix Stakes second Woodbrough and John Gosden's Lord of Men, who is a colt clearly going places judged by his easy victories at Newmarket

and Lingfield. Chapple-Hyam has sup-plemented his Irish 2,000 Guineas winner spectrum for the group three Prix du Prince d'Orange on the same

Spectrum has not raced since injuring himself in June, but still has to carry a weight penalty for his Irish classic success.

His nost dangerous rival in the five-runner field is expected to be Tamure, who reappears for the first time since running a cracking race to be second to Lammtarra in

the Epsom Derby in June.

A good performance by either could book a place in next month's Prix de L'Arc de Triomphe.

#### **GOREN BRIDGE**

WITH OMAR SHARIF

& TANNAH HIRSCH C1994 Yribune Media Services In CHECK YOUR TRICK

Neither vulnerable. South deals. 0752 +A109853 EAST 4752 VJ 10985

SOUTH

OAK4 The bidding:
SOUTH WEST NORTH EAST
1 0 1 4 2 4 Page
3 NT Page Page

Opening lead: King of \$\times\$
The odds on six missing cards of a suit breaking 3-3 is almost 36 percent, while a 4-2 distribution occurs 48 percent of the time. You do not need to know the exact odds. It is sufficient to be aware that the missing cards of a suit will more often break as evenly as possible without actually dividing exactly — hence 4-2 and not 3-3, while five cards will probably split 3-2. All this serves merely as an introduction to today's merely as an introduction to today's

deal.

After e routine suction NorthSouth reach three no trump. As
South, you receive the lead of the
king of spades. Do you win thie

South, you receive the lead of the king of spades. Do you win thie trick? Would you ploy the hand differently at duplicate and rubber bridge?

At both forms of bridge it is right to duck the first trick. West cannot cootinue spades profitably, and no ehift can hurt you. At trick two West shifts to the jack of diamonds. How do you continue at duplicate? What about at rubber bridge?

In a duplicate pairs event, you can expect the field to be in three no trump. Since the odds favor e 3-2 club split, win the the king of diamonds, ceah the king-queen of clubs. When you get the bad news about the club division, duck a diamond. You are still bome if that suit breaks evenly, but this is not your lucky day.

At rubber bridge a sure-trick line is available since you don't need the entire club suit to get home. Win the king of diamonds, cash the king of clubs end overtake the queen with the ace. Now continue to lead high clubs until West wins the jack. Since the ace of hearts is still on the table as an entry to the clubs, you rake in 10 tricks and partner's compliments.

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PLAZA

Bruce Willis in

Die Hard III

Shows: 12:30, 3:30, 6:30, 8:30, 10:30

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amandre (R) French-based from aftern Presse by

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of the 1 4 km sale

winner spectrum; oup three Puy (Ozange on the enum has not tag number houses it still has to cars. penalty for his lac-HERENY 81 dangerous in a -rumer hald reg to be Lamina a

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is for the first ming a cracking fond to I among a r am Derby in a od performer 5 rule book a .... a nitr's Prevalent Me

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on the time of the box ting did is almost linear a 4.2 in trainition of mile time. You do not show the exact offs the other want of the presser that she are also far and will make after the specialist and other cannot be underly exactly a mile of 3, while five a title solid 1.2.2. All the control of miles in the special of the outine another took there is room to receive the lead of the idea. Do you was to d son plan the his

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Tel: 62515£ atbee') me sation 8:30 p.m. please call

Ammani



Sixth All Africa Games in Harare (AFP photo)

### **South Africa top All** Africa Games medals table

hahwe National stadium -

Mugabe bas called for sup-porter groups to be formed. Speaking at Harare inter-

national airport on Thursday

he said he was not happy at

the low turn-out and firmly

Disaster after disaster has

Even before Wednesday's

opening ceremony the games

had been all hut decimated as

withdrew, reducing the

Other mishaps include the

Football matches have

been cancelled minutes be-

fore kick-off and angry spec-

tators demanded their money

clients.

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boxing ring collapsing during

hlamed the COJA, the orga-

nising committee.

hit the games.

back when a basketball ses-

hours.

sion was shortened by two

· In Bulawayo, where a

second opening ceremony was to be beld on Thursday.

President Mugabe called off

his visit at the last minute

after being warned hy aides

that the plans were a sham-

involved," a government

source told Harare newspap-

Sithole admitted Friday there

COJA president Tomy

He said he accepted the

There are two reasons.

president's complaint on the

lack of people turning up.

One, we were so engrossed in

organising that we forgot ab-

out the public. And two,

most people cannot go to the

events because we have taken

virtually all the huses to take

athletes to the grounds." he

better," he added.

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7:00 pm - 11:00 pm

"We could have planned it

er The Herald.

had been problems.

"He did not want to be

timed to the Africa, competing in their thought of Jagust Africa, competing in their first ever All Africa Games here, topped the official medical medical formation of the middles (1000) als table hy midday (1000 GMT) Friday, having won eight medals.

Their three golds, four silvers and one bronze have mainly come from athletics (two golds, two silver, and one hronze), hut also diving (gold) and karate (two sil-

star athlete after star athlete Egypt, who headed the medal list in the previous two games, in second place with championships to a second six medals — three golds in class meeting. karate, one silver in diving, and two hronze's for diving

the opening bout, the flame Zimbabwe, hosts of this going out at the opening cere-48-nation event from Sept. 13 mony and having to be relit. to 23, are in third spot with five medals — a gold, silver athletes baving to wait for hours to get accreditation and and bronze from diving, a the results computer crashing silver from athletics and a two hours after it was turned bronze from karate.

Ali Africa Games face extinction

The All Africa Games faces extinction unless massive changes are carried out warned Jean Claude Ganga, president of the Association of National Olympic Committees of Africa (ANOCA) here on Friday.

"There are too many ports and too many athletes," he said. "Africa is not rich. We

have to tailor the games to what we have; We should be having 10 to 12 sports only. Not 20 like here. And 5,500 athletes is far too many,"

added Ganga. "Frankly the future of the games are at stake," he stres-

He also called for African governments to not be solely responsible for organising the

Instead the National Olympic Committees should organise them, in conjunction with governments, he said.

"The All Africa Games are the only major games in the world which are not organised by Olympic commit-tees," said Ganga.

But in Africa, because it is governments who organise them we cannot get sponsors. I have spoken to top business people and they admit that until governments remove themselves from being the sole organiser they will not sponsor the games.

What happens if a government hacks out of its agreement with a major sponsor? What can the sponsor do? He cannot sue the

We must find a solution where sports ministers and sports organisations work together," he added.

Danga, a member of the International Olympic Committee (IOC) also warned the Olympic movement not to try and reduce Africa's participation in the Olympics.

"We don't want the Olympics just for the Americas and Europe. Some people only want African countries to turn up for the opening ceremony and then sit in the stands and just watch. Africa

will not accept that," he said. To ensure more African athletes appear in future Olympics, Ganga has proposed that the IOC allow six athleses from every member country to take part in the games, even if they have not reached the qualifying stan-

"The Olympics are for everyone. It is a festival. We must beware that the professionals do not push out the amateurs," he explained.

#### Mugabe blames organisers for chaos

Zimbabwe President Robert Mugabe has joined growing list of critics of the organisation of the All Africa Games.

With virtually nohody going to watch the games — only 10,000 turned out to watch the opening ceremony in the 60,000 seater Zim-

### Tyson's free TV deal side wipes Holyfield-Bowe

NEW YORK (AFP) — Mike Tyson, wbose first post-prison bout raked in a pay-per-view record 96 milion dollars, can be seen on U.S. T.V. for free when he fights Buster Mathis Jnr on November 4.

Promoter Don King, who did the deal with Sbowtime cable television and the Fox T.V. broadcast network, called it "Mike's way of saying thanks to the American people.

More likely it's King's way of saying 'boo' to Time Warner Inc. and their TVKO pay-per-view outlet, which is due to be selling the Evander Holyfield-Riddick Bowe rematch on the same night.

Tyson-Mathis will be the

first major heavyweight fight on free T.V. in the United States since Moohammad Ali-Teon Spinks in 1978.

Since then, pay-per-view has come to dominate the

"I'm shocked," TVKO senior vice president Lou DiBella said. "This is the ultimate act of war against us. This is a hig strike against us. Holyfield-Bowe promo-

ter Boh Arum also express-ed dismay, but Holyfield's promoter, Dan Duva, was operturbed.

The Tyson fight will likely sometime between 8-11 p.m. Eastern time, with the pay-per-view maio event likely to start after 11 p.m.. "That fight will be over before our fight," Duva said, "The free fight doesn't

affect our event at all." Duva said he wouldn't mind shifting Bowe-Holyfield to November 3, hut Phil Cooper, vice president of public relations for Caesars Palace, said the fight would remain as sche-

"We believe we have the better fights," he said. 'The pay-per-view audience is going to go for the quality.

Indeed, one reason for sacrificing pay-per-view re-venues is to rekindle interest in Tyson in the wake of his 89-second comehack farce against Peter

McNeeley on August 19.
That bout, Tyson's first since he served a prison term for rape, set a record for Showtime's pay-perview outlet SET, with 1.5 million viewers and gross revenues of 96 million dol-

But some of those who coughed up around 50 dollars to huy the fight felt cheated when McNeeley's manager jumped ioto the ring and got his fighter disqualified in the first round. Apparently, that is one

reason Sbowtime, which signed a multi-milliondollar contract for Tyson's first six comeback fights, was willing to let the fight be shown on Fox.

"That can only build the legend of Mike Tyson, and that's the business we're in for the next couple of years building the legend of Mike Tyson," said Show-time president Matt Blank, "That's to everybody's be-

Not coincidentally Tyson's next five fights have been sold outside the United States to the Sky-Sport satellite network, which like Fox is owned by Rupert Murdoch.

### Qatar upset Jordan 2-1 in Asian Olympic qualifier

By Aleen Banayan Jordan Times Staff Reporter

AMMAN - Jordan's national soccer team Friday lost 2-1 to their Qatari counterparts in the opening match of the Asian Group 8 Olympic Qualifier attended by His Royal Highness Prince Abdullah

at Amman Stadium. The win was very important for the Qalari team who next host Iraq in Doha Sept. 22.

Although the Kingdom's team had the upper hand at the beginning, Qatar took a 1-0 lead from a header by Mohammad Al Mirri in the

39th minute. Jordan's only real chance was lost hy team captain

Badran Al Shaqran early in the first half.

Oatar went on an all out attack trying to secure the win after two goals were ruled offside. But Mohammad Al Anazi gave his leam a 2-0 lead from a header in the 57th minute.

Six minutes later Jordan's Mohammad Al Shiyyah scored his team's only goal from inside the

Jordan's next match will be against Iraq in Amman on Sept. 29.

The top team in each of the eight Asian groups will advance to the second round following which the top three teams will qualify to represent Asia in the Atlanta Olympic Games.

	9	
Date	-	Venue
Friday 22/9 Friday 29/9 Friday 6/10 Friday 13/10 Friday 26/10	Qatar vs. Iraq Jordan vs. Iraq Qatar vs. Jordan Iraq vs. Qatar Iraq vs. Jordan	Dolia Amman Dolia Baghdad Baghdad

#### Khaled Al Harban co-hosts match

Khaled Al Harban, one of the best known sports com-mentators In the Middle East and North Africa, cohosted the Jordan-Qatar Olympic qualifier. Harban, who turned to

television after a successful career as a professional footballer for the Kuwaiti national team, has been a sportscaster covering the. World Cnp finals since 1974, and the Olympics

Harban has recently joined Orbit-ESPN sports and received the best Arab commentator award after covering the World Cnp in

Bubka fails to clear new record of 6.15m

TOKYO (AFP) - Britain's Linford Christie won the 100 metres event but five-time world champion Sergei Bubka of Ukraine failed to hreak his 36th world record, at the Tokyo international track and field meet Friday.

Barcelona Olympic sprint champion Christe, who was sixth in the world championships in Gothenburg, saved some face hy running the 100m in his fastest time this season, 10 seconds dead, beating Canadians Bruny Surin

and world champioo Dunovan Bailey. Buhka easily won the pole vault event. He has been struggling to clear the 6.00 metre mark this season but cleraed 5.95m to win the event and then attempted a new world record of 6.15m, one centimetre above his 35th record set in Italy in July last year.

"I thought I could make a new record,

consider my condition today, hut I waited too long before my jumps and I lost my rhythm," said the 31-year-old Ukrainian after failing his

Radion Gataullin of Russia was second with 5.90m, ahead of American Pat Manson with

In the 200m, triple world champion Michael Johnson of the United States coasted to an easy victory in 20.06 to beat Gothenburg silver winner Frankie Fredericks of Namibia. Fredericks was experted to be in Harare, Zimbabwe, competing in the African Games.

A total of eight world record holders and 19 current world champions took part in the competition, but none could set a new record owing to the downpour.

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2501 TO 2900	26/9/95
2901 TO 3400	27/9/95
3401 TO 3900	28/9/95
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## Egypt scales down relations with Sudan

CAIRO (Agencies) — Egypt is downgrading diplomatic re-lations with Sudan to protest the country's alleged involvement in the assassination attempt against President Hosni Mubarak in June.

A high-ranking govern-ment official said Friday: "We're lowering it (relations) to the level of working contacts.

The official, who insisted on anonymity, described it as "the first official action" against Sudan but gave no clues on what other steps might be taken.

Mr. Mubarak late Thursday announced that he was withdrawing the nomination of Helmi Abdul Hamid Badr as Egypt's ambassador to

Ethiopia late last month all but shut down diplomatic relations with Khartoum after charging that the Sudanese government had refused to cooperate in its investigation into the assassination attempt.

Mr. Mubarak escaped injury when his motorcade was arracked by nine gunmen on June 26 as he arrived in the Ethiopian capital Addis Ababa for an African summit.

Five of the gunmen were killed and three others were captured, and all were said by Ethiopia to be Egyptians.

But Addis Ababa has charged that the missing gunman was being sheltered by Khartoum and that two Arabs who allegedly were the masterminds of the attack also had Sudanese connecnons.

Sudan's government, headed by lieutenant-General Omar Al Bashir, has denied any involvement in the attack. Government officials said they followed up on Etthiopia's queries but were unable to locate any of the

Egyptian newspapers say there are around two million

Sudanese living in Egypt and several thousand Egyptians resident in Sudan.

The Organisation of African Unity and Ethiopia denounced Sudan last week for its alleged involvement in sheltering those who took part in the attack.

Mr. Mubarak told reporters last week Egypt was planning to take measures against Sudan following the Ethiopian statement, which called upon Khartoum to hand over for trial the three people who allegedly took part in the failed assassinanon arrempt.

Asked about reports that Ethiopia and Egypt would file a complaint with the U.N. Security Council against Sudan, the Egyptian official said: "It hasn't been decided."" decided yet.

Egypt has long accused Sudan of harbouring radicals who have waged a campaign of violence since 1992 to try to overthrow Egypt's secular government and replace it with strict Islamic rule.

The Egypnan action is the latest in a series of diplomatic setbacks for Sudan.

Last December, Eritrea broke off relations, charging that Khartoum was support-ing insurgents. Relations have been seriously strained with Uganda, which also accuses Sudan of harbouring

While Western nations retain diplomatic contacts. most have sharply cut their embassy staffs and reduced foreign aid since Gen. Bashir took power in a 1989 coup and installed an Islamic reg-

The United States in August 1993 added Sudan to its list of states sponsoring ter-rorism, making it ineligible for all but emergency humanitarian aid.

Britain in January appointed a new ambassador

to Sudan, filling a post vacant since the previously envoy was expelled in a 1993 spat over a visit by the archbishop of Canterbury.

Sudan, meanwhile, accuses Ethiopia of seing behind the attempt to assassinate Mr. Mubarak and said the alleged mastermind had an Ethiopian passport.

In a statement issued by the Sudanese embassy in Nairbi, the government said Egypt and Ethiopia conspired at the OAU no condemn Khartoum.

The attempt to condemn Sudan in the OAU central organ was an ill-produced play that... isn't worth the money paid for it," it said. "Sudan considers those involved in the assassination attempt were part and parcel of the Ethiopian regime."

"Ethiopia, which chaired the meeting and played the role of 'judge and enemy' at the same time, has greately abused its chairmanship of the OAU and violated the procedures of the organisa-

sudanese statement said,
"Sudan... would like to
announce its firm rejection of
the attempts to lable it with
hosting and hiding the suspects.

The statement said Ethiopia had told Sudan that Mohammad Siraj, the alleged mastermind of the plot, was married to an Ethiopian and had an Ethiopian passport.

It said Ethiopians alleged one of the suspects was called Yassim, which was not a name in Arabic, and bad avoided confirming that all 11 uspects were Egyptians.

Sudan is aware the plot will not be restricted to accusations and vicious allegations but would extend to exploit any means that might be availed for the conspirators," it added.

### Sudan says all detained student protesters freed

KHARTOUM (Agencies) - Front, Hassan Al Tourabi. All students arrested or injured in last week's andgovernment protests in ple were killed and others Sudan have been released were injured when riot police from prison and hospital, the used tear gas and bullets to head of Khartoum University told the official Sudanese News Agency (SUNA).

SUNA quoted Hashim Mohammad Al Hadi as saying on Thursday that the situation has been calm at the university since Wednesday morning and that work in all faculties was proceeding normally.

No further details were

Thousands of students have demonstrated in Khartoum since the beginning of the week, chanting slogans against Sudanese President Lieutenani-General Omar Al Bashir and his close ally, leader of the National Islamic

According to the Sudanese Interior Ministry, three peowere injured when riot police disperse the demonstrators.

Demonstrations were sparked by the arrest of three communist students and developed into the worst antigovernment riots since Gen. Bashir came to power in

Col. Hadi praised the students who did not join the "minority" anti-government demonstrators. He said that lectures had continued, as had exams in the faculties of medicine and law.

The Sudanese opposition in exile said on Thursday that the authorities in Khartoum had detained and mistreated several hundred people who took part in the demonstra-

The freedoms and human rights committee of the Umma Party, led by former Sudanese Prime Minister Sadeq Al Mandi, said the authorities were holding the detainees in poor conditions in centre known as "ghost

The party, in a statement faxed to news agencies, noted that the Sudanese government had accused Eritreans and Ethiopians of taking part in the protests.

"This indicates that the regime intends to violate the human rights of the (Eritrean and Ethiopian) refugees," it

Egypt's Middle East News Agency (MENA) reported from Khartoum on Thursday that 40 Ethiopian Nationals were arrested in the east Khartoum district of Al

### Lebanese businessmen assail Hariri's reconstruction plan

BEIRUT (R) - Lebanese businessmen have criticised billionaire Prime Minister Rafik Al Hariri's ambitious plan to rebuild post-war Lebanon, saying it is too extravagant and that he should cut it back.

In a report published on Friday, the Lebanese Businessmen's Association (LBA) warned of worsening balance of payments and trade deficits as well as deepening debt.

Mr. Hariri's plan — called Horizon 2000 — to rebuild the country after the ravages of a 15-year-long civil war was not in itself sufficient to boost the economy without an accompanying economic and social programme, the LBA report said.

The government has a clear reconstruction policy, but on the other hand it lacks any measures to boost the productive sectors and to protect the social classes, said the report, a copy of which was handed to Mr. Hariri on Thursday by LBA

...

members. The business group said the financing needs for the plan — \$12 billion to \$18 billion over 12 years for the public sector alone and an additional \$40 billion for the private sector - "exceed the " country's ability to save and



One of the major problems cited in the LBA report was rising public debt which it said reached 60 per cent of gross domestic product and was likely to rise to 90 per cent of GDP by 1999.

The government... has to realise that this problem subiects the economy to connnuous convulsion for the next 15 years and makes it very sensitive to all political and economic events and social ills," the businessmen

noted. The LBA report said authorities must adopt a new financial policy because the growing budget deficit and

the high interest rates paid on Lebanese pound-denominated treasury bills were a heavy burden on government resources.

They said the government should separate reconstruction needs from its annual

A third problem, according to the LBA, was the trade deficit, which rose to \$3,735 billion in the first seven months of 1995, compared to \$2.970 billion in the same period last year - a 26 per

The LBA recommended the government privatise some public enterprises, such as oil refineries, telephones, water, the tobacco monopoly, highways and flag-carrier Middle East airlines because this would ensure "berrer service at lesser cost and greater efficiency.

The report called for economic and financial austerity, including taxes on luxury goods, halting extravagant public spending "starting at the top" and adoption of a

social policy that covers hous-ing and public transport. They did, however, note accomplishments of the Hariri government since it took office in October 1992. including stabilising the local currency ties, security Officials said.



RELIEF: Sarajevo men play chess at an empty market on Friday, one day after the Bosnian Serbs and a U.S. envoy worked out an accord under which North Atlantic Treaty Organisation airstrikes on the Bosnian Serbs were suspended in return for the lifting of the siege of Sarajevo (see page one) (AFP photo)

### Court upholds minister's decision on sermons

AMMAN (J.T.) - The Higher Court of Justice has rejected a lawsuit filed by seven deputies from the Islamic Action Front (IAF)
against Minister of Awaa and Islamic Affairs Abdul Salam Al Abbadi for preventing them from delivering Friday sermons at the Kingdom's mosques, according to a report published in the Arabic daily Al Ra'i.

The Court, prescribed over by Judge Khalaf Suheimat, said the minister's decision was based on a recommendation by the directors of Awqaf Department and the Preaching and Guidance Department and not by the

ministry's secretary general. The minister's decision has become effective following the rejection of the lawsuibby the court.

The lawsuit was filed by deputies Sheikh Abdul Munem Abu Zant, Badr Riyati, Hammam Said, Abdul Aziz Jabr, Bassam Omousb, Ahmad Kasasbeh and Mohammad Oweida.

Judicial sources said 25 people were banned from delivering Friday sermons at the Kingdom's mosques.

The court carlier rejected a similar lawsuit filed by former Deputy Mohammad Abu Fares, while it also declared null and void a decision by the minister banning eight deputies from delivering Friday sermons. The deputies in question include Deeb Abdullah, Hamzeh Mansour, Ahmad Kofahi, Abdul Rahim Al Okour, Deeb Anis, Deifallah Al Moumani, Suleiman Al Sa'ad and Mohammad Al Haj, in addition to former Deputy Mohammad Khreisat.

### Lebanese soldier injured in Israeli attack

ZAHLE (AFP) - Israeli helicopter gunship attacked Lebanese army positions in South Lebanon, seriously injuring one soldier, military sources said Friday.

The Israeli helicopters fired heavy machine guns overnight Thursday at a Lebanese position at Mlikh. on the Iqlim Al Tuffah heights — a stronghold of Iranian-backed Hizbollah militants.

seriously injured in the area, where the army has been deployed since 1991, the sources said. Israeli forces were responding to the launch of six

rockets against the South

Lebanon Army, a militia fi-

One Lebanese soldier was

nanced by the Jewish state inits self-declared "security zone" in southern Lebanon. The rocket attack, claimed by the Islamic Resistance, an armed branch of the Hizbollah, did not cause any casual-

### Iran and Iraq sign memo on outstanding issues from war

TEHRAN (Agencies) -Iran and Iraq have signed a memorandum of understanding at talks on prisoners of war (PoWs), the missing and refugees from their 1980-1988 war, the official news agency IRNA said Friday.

Deputy Foreign Minister Hussein Sheikholeslam and his Iraqi counterpart Saad Abdul Majid Al Faisal signed the protocol on Thursday, it said, without specifying the

IRNA: quoting the Fore-ign Ministry, said the two sides made "progress in reaching an understanding with regard to the search for the remains of soldiers and militiamen killed during the conflict.

There was also "more comprehension on ways to ex-change the PoWs, as well as the refugees and exiles," it

Tebran Radio said the two sides expressed their "political will to improve ties, which remain strained seven years after the end of their bloody conflict.

Mr. Faisal's delegation returned bome on Friday.

A Foreign Ministry official said after talks Monday between Mr. Faisal and Foreign Minister Ali Akbar Velayati that Iran was "optimistic" about the prospects of resolving differences with Iraq over the PoWs and missing.

Iran says it has prepared a list of 32,000 of its cinzens, military on civilian, who are unaccounted for, including 5.000 to 15.000 people allegedly still jailed in Iraq.

Iran has rejected the charge, accusing Iran of de-taining 20,000 Iraqi soldierse figure backed by a senior Iranian official two years ago. The two countries suspended the exchange of PoWs in

The issue of the PoWs and missing has been a major hurdle to normalising rela-

Tehran has also called on Baghdad to withdraw its support for Iran's main armed opposition, the Mujahedeene-Khalq, which launches operations from its bases in

The question has caused a planned Velayati visit to Iraq

to be postponed three times since January. Mr. Faisal's visit, which

was not announced in advance, came after Iraq's offi-cial press called for better ties with Iran to form a united front against the United

Iraq also wants the return of its planes which sought shelter in Iran during the 1991 Gulf war for Kuwait.

#### Defection reported

The Mujadeheen-e-Khalq said meanwhile an Iranian air force major taking part in a sports event in Italy has defected and joined the opposi-

Major Nasser Akbari refused to return to Iran after the world military games in Rome that began on Sept. 5, the Mujahedeen said in a statement received in Nico-

The group quoted Maj. Akbari as saying "the repres-sion prevailing in Iran is so much that any form of silence against the ruthless rulers contradicts humanity and patriotism.

which has also been slapped

### Iraqi debts put at \$90 billion

ABU DHABI (AFP) — Iraq is saddled with around \$90 billion in foreign debt, most of which accumulated during the 1980s from purchases of Russian weapons, according to an official Arab report.

Before its eight-year war with Iran erupted in 1980, Iraq had almost no debts as it had avoided borrowing because of high oil-export earnings, the Kuwaiti-based Arab Corporation for Investment Guarantee (ACIG) said in its annual report distributed

"As of 1981, Iraq began borrowing mainly from the former Soviet Union for military purposes as well as from Arab states after its current account started to suffer from deficits," said the 360-page report on the 1994 economic and social developments in the 22-member Arab League.

"Several other countries, including from the West, as wrecked the Iraqi economy,

OCCUPIED JERUSALEM

(AFP) — The deal which Israel and the Palestine Li-

beration Organisation (PLO)

are finalising to share control

of Hebron will leave behind

all the ingredients for an ex-

plosion in the West Bank

Armed settlers and Israeli

troops will rub shoulders with

Palestinian police. a frus-

trated Arab population and

Islamic fundamentalists de-

termined to pursue the armed

More than any other place

on the West Bank. Hebron is

a battleground for Jews and

Muslims who both pray at the

Ibrahimi Mosque.
PLO chief Yasser Arafat

and Israel's Foreign Minister

Shimon Peres are to meet

Saturday night in Egypt to try

to agree on shared control of

Hebron, the main stumbling-

block to the extension of

autonomy across the West

struggle.

well as India and Brazil had also provided credit facilities to Iraq."
By the end of 1994, Iraq's

around \$90 billion while debt servicing stood at 3.5 billion dollars in 1990 and it increased to around 3.8 billion dollars in 1991, it said. The study gave no figures on Baghdad's debt to the former Soviet Union, but military experts had earlier

estimated it at more than \$50 billion. Billions of dollars were also extended by Kuwait and Saudi Arabia to belp Iraq in its 1980-1988 war with neigh-

Hebron remains powderkeg

under autonomy agreement

Hebron is the only town on

the territory in which Jews

Just 400 people, inspired by a powerful blend of radical

nationalism and religious fer-

your, live in a fortified ghetto

protected by soldiers and sur-

rounded by 120,000 Palesti-

Their presence is a source

of continual and often bloody

clashes, notably the massacre

in February 1994 of at least

30 Muslims at prayer by a

Israel's right-wing opposi-tion, are determined to stay

put and hope by so doing to

torpedo any agreement with

Daily acts of provocation.

such as tearing down a

Palestinian flag on an Arab

girls' school ignite fighting

Arab youths throw stones

and the army opens fire with

tear-gas, stun grenades, rub-

the PLO.

and riots.

The settlers, supported by

have settled.

bouring Iran. Official and independent estimates have put Iraq's loss from that war at around \$150 billion while more than \$200 billion in economic damage was inflicted on it during the 1990-1991 Kuwait crisis. Such developments have

by a ban on oil sales as part of crippling United Nations total debt was estimated at

ACIG said Iraq produced around 450,000 barrels per day (b/d) of oil in 1994 for domestic consumption compared with 3.5 million b/d before its forces invaded neighbouring Kuwait in August 1990. It put its oil reserves at 100 billion barrels and gas at 3.1 trillion cubic metres (103.3 trillion cubic

Citing official Iraqi figures, it said the economy grew by 3.2 per cent in 1994, when the gross domestic product stood

at \$18 billion. "Oil is still the main element in the Iraqi economy. This was most evident in 1991, when the GDP plummetted by around 75 per cent in real terms after oil production declined by 85 per cent because of the embargo." the

ber and sometimes live bul-

Prime Minister Yitzhak

Rabin has voiced his distaste

for the sertlers but until now

refused to bow to Palestinian

demands to evacuate a single

Israel, which pledged in

the 1993 declaration of prin-

ciples for autonomy to rede-

ploy outside Palestinian

pouplation centres. now in-

sists Hebron must be an ex-

another violation of the

agreements." said Hanan Ashrawi, former Palestinian

spokeswoman for the Middle

East peace talks. "At no time

was there any mention of a

special arrangement for Heb-

Mr. Peres points out that

the government does not

have the support of a major-

ity of Israelis to evacuate

This Israeli demand is

family.

settlers.

# cleaner lifts.

PARIS (R) - A court has ailowed a cootroversial novel about the Belgian royal family to remain on sale in France but ordered its author to pay two family members a symbolic one franc (20 cents) in damages. author Pierre Mertens is the fictional autobiography of a Lilian, widow of the late Alexandre and herself. millioo francs

#### Israeli officials can keep their names

TEL AVIV (R) — Breaking with Zionist tradition. Israel has decided that non-Hebrew family names are now kosber for its diplomats. The ruling, announced in an Israel Radio interview Thursday by Civil Service Commissioner Yitzhak Galnoor, ends a practice introduced by Israel's first prime minister. David Ben-Gurion. Ben-Gurion, formerly Gruen, ordered diplomats, senior army officers and political leaders to swap their mainly Eastern European names for Hebrew ones as part of a successful drive to make the language of the Bible the main language of the country. Yitzhak Robicov, for example, changed his oame to Rabin. Sbimon Persky opted for Peres. "A foreign service officer about to be sent abroad asked me for permission to retain his family name," Mr. Galnoor, formerly Goldenrut, told the radio. "The plea that touched my heart was that be loved his name and that a change would burt his elderly mother - wbo would never understand." Mr. Galnoor said be asked civil service lawyers for a legal opinion and they found that a forced name change violated diplomats' civil rights.

#### See-through doors, cameras to fight elevator crime

SINGAPORE (AFP) -Singapore authorities are installing glass panels on elevator doors and may put up electronic surveillance systems in order to deter crimes in public-bousing lifts, it was reported here Friday. The measures, prompted by a recent lift murder, also include sirens which would sound if someone tried to jam a lift, as well as lifts that stop at every floor, the Straits Times newspaper said. The government's bousing and development board is also considering the installation of closed-circuit cameras connected to a surveillance channel on bome televisions, with recording facilities to help police identify culprits. Singaporeans, wbo take pride in their relatively crime-free neigbbourhoods, were sbocked by the fatal stabbing of a bousewife last week in a botched lift robbery. Close to 90 per cent of Singaporeans live in public-housing estates. "The police assure the public that lift crimes are on the decline." Director of Police Operations Chua Chin Kiat was quoted as saying. But he said the most effective measure was "neighbourhood policing," lamenting that not many of the 100,000 neigbbourbood watcb groups registered in the city state of three million people were active. The newspaper said see-through doors bave already bad a side benefit:

#### French court allows sale of book on Belgian royals

"Une Paix Royale" (A Royal Peace) by Belgian writer depicted as baving been a confidant of the Belgian royal family. Princess King Leopold III and stepmother of the present King Albert, asked the court to order its withdrawal from sale in France or the deletion of sections she said gravely libelled her son Princess Lilian also sought (\$200,000) in provisional damages from 56-year-old Mertens and his French publisher Editions Du Seuil..